THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN
Is Published Weekly at
EBENSBURG, Cambria Co., Pa.,
BY H. A. McPIKE.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, one year, cash in advance.....$1.50
" " " " If not p'd within 3 mos. 1.75
" " " " If not p'd within 6 mos. 2.00
" " " " If not p'd within year.. 2.25

☞ To persons residing outside the county 20 cents additional per year will be charged to pay postage.

☞ In no event will the above terms be departed from, and those who don't consult their own interests by paying in advance must not expect to be placed on the same footing as those who do. Let this fact be distinctly understood from this time forward.

☞ Pay for your paper before you stop it, if stop it you must. None but scalawags do otherwise. Don't be a scalawag—life is too short.

Cambria Freeman.

H. A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year, in advance.

VOLUME XVI. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 12, 1883. NUMBER 49.

Advertising Rates.

The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers, whose favors will be inserted at the following low rates:

1 inch, 3 times	$1.50
1 " 3 months	3.50
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JOB PRINTING of all kind neatly and expeditiously executed at lowest prices. Don't you forget it.

1883—1884.

THE PITTSBURGH
Weekly Post

For the Democratic Years of Jubilee.

All the News in Concise Readable Form ---Literary Miscellany---Full Market Reports---Independent Discussion of Public Questions.

THE PITTSBURGH WEEKLY POST for 1883 will have special interest for its old-time readers and new subscribers. We are entering upon a Democratic era in State and Nation—and it is to be an era of reform and political regeneration. THE POST will impartially relate its progress in its news department and frankly discuss its leading features editorially, applying in all instances the test of Democratic principles and maintaining fidelity to the pledges the Democracy has made to the people.

There is a Democratic revival throughout the length and breadth of the land. All Democrats desire it shall be permanent, that in 1884 we may harvest full fruits of fidelity to principle and party. There are fears it may not be so, and we may tumble by the wayside. An honest discussion of party policy, danger signals whenever and wherever they are called for, and the maintenance of the organization in its purity, free from all attempts at bossism or shame, seem to be the only way to carry us safely over the quicksands and danger that follow great successes. This is the duty of the Democratic press, and THE POST will be no laggard in meeting it fearlessly and justly.

The Commonwealth, with the new year, for the first time in a quarter of a century, calls a Democrat to its Chief Magistracy and places the popular legislative branch under Democratic control. THE POST will give an earnest support to Governor Hoyt in his administration, and especially to the measures of retrenchment and reform through which our hold on the State government can be made lasting. The first half of the term will witness a radical revolution at Harrisburg. THE POST will aim to be its Democratic historian. The accumulated abuses and corruptions of twenty years of the Republican Boss and Machine will be struck down. THE POST hopes to assist at the funeral rites.

All eyes will be directed to the National Capital as important financial legislation in reducing taxation and simplifying and adjusting the tariff to changed conditions, can no longer be delayed. The demand that the war system of taxation shall be reformed is universal. Opinions differ as to the mode, and here the Tariff question enters with its elements of discord and division. While THE POST will faithfully adhere to the traditional policy of the Pennsylvania Democracy in maintaining that duties shall be so levied as to give, without incidental protection, it will advise harmony and conciliation in adjusting the question, that the force and unity of the party may be preserved for more important conflicts.

Through diligent and well informed correspondents at Harrisburg and Washington, as will keen our readers fully advised of all that is important in State and National politics and legislation. During the year there will be important preliminary movements which may determine the choice of our standard bearer in 1884. THE POST will see that its readers are kept fully informed on this most interesting topic. Altogether 1883 promises to be a great year for newspapers and newspaper readers.

The familiar departments of the paper will be maintained in all their excellence. There will be careful reports, prepared expressly for the WEEKLY POST, of the Cattle, Wool and General Markets and the state of finance and trade. The literary and Miscellany will be a valuable and interesting feature for the family circle. A carefully prepared summary of local and neighborhood news will inform the readers of all that is of interest at home.

TERMS:

Single subscribers, postage paid, per year.....$1.50
Clubs of five or more, postage paid, per year each.....$1.25

☞ With an extra copy free to all clubs of ten.

THE DAILY POST

Containing full daily Telegraphic, Market and Local Reports, Editorials, and a vast amount of miscellaneous matter, will be furnished by mail, postage prepaid, for $8 per annum; $4 for six months; 75 for three months; 70 cents for one month.

☞ Special terms to Newsdealers. Send for postmen copy.

Address
JAMES P. BARR & CO.,
145 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE SUN.

NEW YORK, 1883.

More people have read THE SUN during the year just now passing than ever before since it was first printed. No other newspaper published on this continent has ever been so largely sought and read in any year by so many men and women.

We are credibly informed that people buy, read, and like THE SUN for the following reasons, among others and all:

Because its news columns present in attractive form and with the greatest possible accuracy whatever has happened during the day, whether in the deeds and misdeeds, the philosophy, the notable folly, the solid sense, the improving nonsense—all the news of the busiest world at present revolving in space.

Because people have learned that in its remarks concerning persons and affairs they may make a good deal of confidence for the exact truth to the best its ability three hundred and sixty-five days in the year before election as well as after, about the men as well as about the small fish, in the face of dissent as plainly and fearlessly as when supported by general approval. THE SUN has absolutely no purposes to serve, save the information of its readers and the furtherance of the common good.

Because it is everybody's newspaper. No man is so humble that THE SUN is indifferent to his welfare and his rights. No man is so rich that he can allow injustice to be done him. No man, no association of men, is powerful enough to be exempt from the strict application of its principles of right and wrong.

Because in politics it has fought for a dozen years, without intermission and sometimes almost alone among newspapers, the fight that has resulted in the recent overwhelming popular verdict against Republican rule, and for honest government. No matter what party is in power, THE SUN stands and will continue to stand like a rock for the rights of the people against the corruptions of bosses, the encroachments of monopolists, and the dishonest schemes of public robbers.

All this is what we are told almost daily by our friends, the men who hold that THE SUN is the best religious newspaper ever published, because its Christianity is undiluted with cant. Another reason is that it is the best Democratic newspaper printed, because it has already whipped half one party, and is proceeding manfully on the other half with undiminished vigor.—A third body does it to be the best newspaper, general literature in existence because its readers miss nothing worthy of notice that is current in the world to-day. So every friend of THE SUN discovers one of the many sides that appeals with particular force to his individual liking.

If you already know THE SUN, you will observe that in 1883 it is a little better than ever before. If you do not already know THE SUN, you will find it to be a mirror of all human activity, a storehouse of the choicest products of common sense and imagination, a mainstay for the cause of honest government, a sentinel for genuine Jeffersonian Democracy, a scourge for wickedness of every species, and an uncommonly good investment for the coming year.

Terms to Mail Subscribers.

The several editions of THE SUN are sent by mail, postpaid, as follows:

DAILY—55 cents a month, $6.50 a year: with Sunday edition, $7.77.

SUNDAY—Eight pages, $1.20 a year.

WEEKLY—$1 a year. Eight pages of the best matter of the daily issues; an Agricultural Department, unsurpassed in completeness; market reports, and literary, scientific, and domestic intelligence make THE WEEKLY SUN the newspaper for the farmer's household. To clubs of ten with $10 an extra copy free.

Address I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher,
THE SUN, N. Y. City.

NOW IS YOUR TIME!

GET TWO WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS FOR THE PRICE OF ONE.

And the Best Inland Daily at Reduced Rates.

The subscription price of the WEEKLY PATRIOT is $1.50 per annum, cash in advance.

Hereafter the WEEKLY PATRIOT and the New York Weekly Sun will be sent to the same address, postpaid, for $1.50, cash in advance; or the WEEKLY PATRIOT and Philadelphia Weekly Times for $2, cash in advance.

Any person getting up a club of ten or more subscribers for the WEEKLY PATRIOT at $1.00 per copy per annum, one copy will be sent gratis for one year.

The subscription price of the DAILY PATRIOT by mail is $7.50 per annum, cash in advance. If not paid in advance $7.00 per annum will be charged: for 6 months, $3.50 in advance or $3.50 if not paid in advance; and at proportional rates for shorter periods. The DAILY PATRIOT during the sessions of Congress and the Legislature will be especially full. Send for sample copies of Daily and Weekly. Remittances must be made by Post Office money order or draft accepted by bank on which it is drawn. Address PATRIOT PUBLISHING COMPANY, 308 Market street, Harrisburg, Pa.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. [4-7,'82-1y.*]

STRENGTH

to vigorously push a business, strength to study a profession, strength to regulate a household, strength to do a day's labor without physical pain. All this represents what is wanted, in the often heard expression, "Oh! I wish I had the strength!" If you are broken down, have not energy, or feel as if life was hardly worth living, you can be relieved and restored to robust health and strength by taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, which is a true tonic—a medicine universally recommended for all wasting diseases.

9er N. Fremont St., Baltimore
During the war I was injured in the stomach by a piece of a shell, and have suffered from it ever since. About four years ago it brought on paralysis, which kept me in bed six months, and the best doctors in the city said I could not live. I suffered fearfully from indigestion, and for over two years could not eat solid food and for a large portion of the time was unable to retain even liquid nourishment. I tried Brown's Iron Bitters and now after taking two bottles I am able to get up and go around and am rapidly improving.
G. DECKER.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is a complete and sure remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Weakness and all diseases requiring a true, reliable, non-alcoholic tonic. It enriches the blood, gives new life to the muscles and tone to the nerves.

PATENTS

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT?

Send a rough sketch or (if you can) a model of your invention to GEORGE E. LEMON, Washington, D. C., and a Preliminary Examination will be made of all United States patents of the same class of invention, and I will be advised whether or not a patent can be obtained.

FOR THIS PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION NO CHARGE IS MADE.

What will a Patent Cost?

If you are advised that your invention is patentable, send $20 to pay Government application fee of $15, and $5 for the drawings required by the Government. This is payable when application is made, and all of the expense unless a patent is allowed. When allowed, my fee, $25, and the final Government fee ($20) is payable. Thus you know beforehand, for certain, whether you are going to get a patent or not, and what my fee is to be charged unless you do get a Patent. An attorney whose fee depends on his success in obtaining a Patent will not advise you that your invention is patentable, unless it really is patentable, so far as his best judgment and belief permits. Hence, in this case, you can rely on the advice given after a preliminary examination shall be had. Design Patents and the Registration of Labels, Trade Marks and Re-issues secured. Caveats prepared and filed. Applications for Rejected, Abandoned, or Forfeited Cases made. Very often valuable inventions are saved in these classes of cases. If you have such, write to me. Secure your own patent and fail, a skillful handling of the case may lead to success. Send for my circular or request addressed to the Commissioner of Patents that he recognize GEORGE E. LEMON, of Washington, D. C., as your attorney in fact, and forthwith the models, drawings and papers in the case will be forwarded to me, and I will receive all official communications and about the date of filing your application. An examination and report will cost you nothing. Search fee and further information, in fact any information relating to Patents or Patent Laws, furnished. Copies of Patents mailed at the regular Government rates, (25c. each.) Remember this office has been in successful operation since 1865, and you therefore reap the benefits of experience, besides reference can be given to actual clients in almost every county in the U. S. Pamphlet relating to Patents free upon request.

GEO. E. LEMON,
615 15th St., WASHINGTON, D. C.
Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents.

KIDNEY-WORT
THE GREAT CURE
FOR
RHEUMATISM
Acts at the Same Time on KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS. Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.
As it is for all the painful diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It cleanses the blood of the morbid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.
THOUSANDS OF CASES
Of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in short time PERFECTLY CURED.
PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington Vt.
KIDNEY-WORT

STRAY COW.—Strayed from the residence of the subscriber, in Altoona, on or about the middle of last October, a red cow rising six years old, of medium height, nice proportions forming inward, a small white in forehead, a short tail, white at the end, and some white on the belly and flanks and extending down to her hind knees. She was raised in White township, Cambria county, and when last seen was heading in that direction. Any information that will lead to the recovery of said cow will be liberally rewarded by

PETER TIERNEY,
1111 Seventeenth St., Altoona, Pa.
Dec. 22, 1882.-3t.*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of MATTHEW MCMULLEN, dec'd.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Matthew McMullen, late of Clearfield township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN C. MCMULLEN,
St. Augustine, Cambria Co., Pa.
CELESTINE MCMULLEN,
Nov. 30, 1882. Altoona, Blair Co., Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of MATTHIAS BEHE, dec'd.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Matthias Behe, late of Allegheny township, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate that his best judgment will be exercised in the disposition; hence, you can rely on the advice given after a preliminary examination be had. Design Patents and the Registration of Labels, Trade Marks and Re-issues secured. Caveats prepared and filed. Applications for Rejected, Abandoned, or Forfeited Cases made. Very often valuable inventions are saved in these classes of cases. If you have such, write to me. Secure your own patent and fail, a skillful handling of the case may lead to success. Send for my circular or request addressed to the Commissioner of Patents that he recognize GEORGE E. LEMON, of Washington, D. C., as your attorney in fact, and forthwith the models, drawings and papers in the case will be forwarded to me, and I will receive all official communications and about the date of filing your application. An examination and report will cost you nothing. Search fee and further information, in fact any information relating to Patents or Patent Laws, furnished. Copies of Patents mailed at the regular Government rates, (25c. each.) Remember this office has been in successful operation since 1865, and you therefore reap the benefits of experience, besides reference can be given to actual clients in almost every county in the U. S. Pamphlet relating to Patents free upon request.

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EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of JULIA HARRINGTON, dec'd.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Julia Harrington, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, who here by notifies all persons indebted to said estate that immediate payment must be made, and those having claims against the same will present them in legal form for settlement.

WILLIAM LEMMON, Executor.
Ebensburg, Dec. 22, 1882.-6t.

EXECUTRIX' NOTICE.

Estate of RICHARD COLLINS, dec'd.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Richard Collins, late of Clearfield township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ROSE COLLINS, Executrix.
Clearfield Twp., Nov. 30, 1882.-6t.*

$66 a week in the home easily made. Costly Outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me.

OUR OWN.

If I had known in the morning
How wearily all the day
The words unkind
Would trouble my mind
I said when you went away,
I had been more careful, darling,
Nor given you needless pain;
But we vex "our own"
With look and tone
We might never take back again.

For though in the quiet evening
You may give me the kiss of peace,
Yet well it might be
That never for me
The pain of the heart should cease,
How many go forth in the morning
Who never come home at night;
And hearts have broken
For harsh words spoken,
That sorrow can ne'er set right.

We have careful thought for the stranger,
And smiles for the sometime guest,
But oft for "our own"
The bitter tone,
Though we love our own the best.
Ah! lip with the curve impatient!
Ah! brow with that look of scorn;
'Twere a cruel fate
Were the night too late
To undo the work of morn.
—Margaret Sangster.

HOW AN HEIR WAS FOUND.

A TRUE ILLUSTRATION OF DETECTIVE SKILL AND PERSISTENCY.

THE New York *Tribune* says that an heir to a large estate in England was recently discovered in the State of Louisiana through the means of a New York City Directory of the year 1805. The history of the antecedents of the heir involves a story of the separation of two loving brothers, who were suitors for the same lady's hand, followed by intense hatred, which continued until they both became old men, and finally ended in a desire for reconciliation. But years of separation, during which one brother emigrated to this country, rendered impossible the accomplishment of the desire of the brothers in old age, and they died thousands of miles apart, united in heart, the one forgiving the other, but unable to grasp each other's hand. The direct descendant of the brother in this country has now been found by the Mooney & Boland Detective Agency.

A *Tribune* reporter recently called on Mr. Boland and asked for the particulars of how the heir was found. Mr. Boland declined at first to give the information, stating that as the matter would have to be settled in the Courts of England, he was afraid a publication of the facts might imperil the case of his client. After the reporter promised not to divulge the names of the persons interested in the case, Mr. Boland gave the general outline of the story how the heir was subsequently found.

"I was in France on official business last spring," said Mr. Boland, "and it became necessary for me to visit England to obtain information and procure copies of documents. While there in the pursuit of my business I was invited to dinner by a barrister with whom our firm often does business. At the dinner I was presented to another barrister with whom I was totally unacquainted. While discussing affairs in general the nature of my business was talked of, and when it was stated that I was a member of the Mooney & Boland Detective Agency in New York, the barrister who was a stranger to me, asked if I could look up to the descendants of a man who had emigrated to New York just after the Revolution. I replied that I had ample facilities in my New York office for tracing up people, but, as it was a matter of expense, a successful search would depend mainly on a generous outlay of money. He replied that money would not be refused if the person was found, and that a liberal allowance would be given for an energetic effort. Well, we finally concluded arrangements, and I was told to begin the search at once. The story that he told me was a sad and touching one in many particulars. Over a hundred years ago, two brothers, the only children of their parents, were engaged together in a small business in one of the principal thoroughfares in London. They prospered only slowly in business, but they shared their misfortunes together, and the life of one was only a reflection of the daily habits of the other.

"When both men reached maturity they discovered that they both entertained an affection for the same lady, who was, like themselves, without an abundance of this world's goods. The deep love and strong attachment which had always existed between the brothers, changed from day to day as each pressed his suit. It did not take long for the elder brother to discover that the younger one had the warmer place in the lady's heart, but thinking, probably, that faint heart never won fair lady, he pressed his claim persistently and strongly. The climax was reached one day when the elder brother was dismissed from the lady's house, and was told that her hand and heart were promised to his brother. Rage followed this announcement, and a stormy interview, which almost ended in a combat, ensued between the brothers. It was evident that they could no longer remain in business together, and the younger brother retired to seek a livelihood elsewhere. He received some money from the business, but reverses soon diminished his capital to small figures. A short time after his marriage the younger brother emigrated to this country and settled in this city. The elder brother continued the business in London, prospered, became married, and had one child,

"The child of the elder brother proved to be a man of unusual sagacity and shrewdness. The father often narrated to the son the story of his separating from his only brother and regretted that they had not long ago been united. He said that in his young days he would never see such a perfect woman again as the one who had refused his proffered suit, But the wife whom he subsequently married changed his views, and made his life almost a pleasant dream, except that he did not know where to address his brother to ask pardon for the wrong he had done him, and to extend to him the hand of reconciliation and peace. On his dying bed the elder brother commissioned his son to search everywhere for his lost brother or his children, extend the hand of friendship and brotherly love, and render him or his children whatever assistance he could. The son never forgot his father's wish, but as the name was a peculiarly family one, he never succeeded in finding any one of the same name who could give any information about his uncle. In early life he formed a partnership with a college student, and the firm prospered until both men amassed great fortunes. Neither member of the firm married, and in their old age the partners continued business together, which consisted mainly of discounting commercial paper. In the early part of this year the senior member of the firm, and the only child of the elder brother, died, leaving an estate valued at £100,000. He left no will, but asked his partner to employ some means to find out the descendants of his uncle's children, who were somewhere in America. The barrister whom I met at dinner, was retained by the surviving partner, and I was told to make every effort to find the heir.

"The search at first," said Mr. Boland, "seemed almost fruitless. I knew that the man whose descendants I was looking for arrived in this country about 1783 or 1784. After that I knew nothing about them. I have in my office a great quantity of old directories of all the principal cities of the world. Of some of the leading cities in this country I have the first directory that was ever issued. Well, I began a search through these old directories. It seemed an endless job at first, as I would search persistently through a directory of one city without finding any name that was nearly like the one I wanted. I thought at one time that the brother might have changed his name when he arrived in this country. But my persistence was rewarded when I searched through a directory of this city for 1805. I knew the name was right at once, because it comprises two family names, for instance, one like Edwards Pierrepont. From year to year I found trace of it again. I kept up the search until within a few years, but the name did not again appear in any of the directories.

"An insuperable number of difficulties then arose. The brother might have died without children, or perhaps he only left daughters whose married names could not be traced. I finally went back to the old 1805 directory and took several names of persons who lived adjoining the place where the brother kept a store. I traced one family name up to the present date, and went to an old man about seventy-five years of age to see if I could learn anything about the people I was looking for. To my great surprise, as well as joy, I learned that this man was a boy ten years old when the brother, whose descendants I was hunting up, lived in the same street. He remembered the family well, and said that they emigrated from New York shortly after the purchase of the territory of Louisiana. The two families kept up a correspondence until the time of the war, when it was broken off because of radical rebel opinions held by the family which went to Louisiana. This man gave me the name of the place where they were in 1869, and I finally sent to Louisiana to find the family. We have had a large circle of friends in Louisiana since we captured the notorious Italian bandit, Esposito. By the way, it may be of interest to you to know that Esposito has been convicted in Italy and sentenced to imprisonment for life. Through friends in New Orleans the family was traced to a plantation in a neighboring parish.

"The man in charge of the plantation was found, and a few questions in regard to his ancestors soon proved that he was the grandson of the younger brother who emigrated to this country in 1733. He is a man about fifty-one years of age, was born in Louisiana, and had one brother who lived many bears in Chicago and prospered there. He died, without children, last year. The man in Louisiana was well posted about the quarrel between his grandfather and granduncle, and produced the document, a musty worn-out looking piece of paper, which dissolved the partnership between them. There are other documents in his possession which will prove his title to the estate beyond dispute. But, strange as it may seem, the man did not take the interest in the matter which you would expect of a man who suddenly becomes heir to a large estate. He said that he was getting old and had all the money that he wanted for the rest of his life. He wouldn't live off his plantation for all the rest of the world's wealth. He has three children, however, all married, one of whom lives with him. For the sake of the children, if no other reason, he will try to get the proceeds of the estate."

A SMALL BEGINNING.—An Irish washerwoman who was among the earliest settlers in Leadville, Colorado, has succeeded in amassing a large fortune by her own industry. Her stock in trade when she came consisted of a pair of tubs and a washboard.—She began business under an old pine tree on the hillside, having no means of hiring a house. She soon, however, got together with her own hands a rude slab cabin, and as business was good at two dollars and a half per dozen for washing, she gradually began to provide for her wants. She got a camp stove, and after furnishing her cabin comfortably, began to accumulate money.—The town began to grow in the direction of her cabin, and after awhile she employed laborers to put up a log house. As there was a great demand for miners' boarding-houses, the enterprising woman concluded to abandon the washtub and start a boarding-house in her new edifice. In the idea she received great encouragement, and the house was opened with flattering prospects. In this venture she proved to be very successful and made money and saved it. By the growth of the city her house finally got to be in the very centre, and as the streets were laid, it proved to occupy a location on a very desirable corner. Business was new and she continued to make money, which she invested wisely. She built another log house and rented it. Then she put up a frame building, which she rented before it was finished. About this time some of the "land grabbers" disputed her title to the land and tried to dispossess her, but the old lady had so many determined friends among the miners that the effort was given up. Several months ago she refused an offer of ten thousand dollars for her property, and since that time has built a two-story block fronting on a desirable avenue. She still lives in her log house, but intends to tear it down and erect a two story block in its place.—When her improvements are completed she will have an income of more than a thousand dollars per month—a pretty good record of business success for an old washerwoman, it must be admitted.

A BLESSING.

The pain in all his joints became intense; fever, with his detoriating effects, was now added, and he became rapidly reduced to the semblance of a skeleton, while vitality had reached its lowest possible condition, and his sufferings were of such indescribable character that those who most loved him thought it would be better if he were to be called away. At this time physicians, well-known in this city (Pittsburg), informed his parence that he was in imminent danger of total Paralysis, and directly afterward they announced to his sorrowful mother that they could give no hopes of his recovery. At this juncture the use of *Peruna* was commenced, and in six weeks Wm. Lincoln Curts was well and at work. Read page 23 in "Ills of Life," get it from your Druggist.

STORMING CHAPULTEPEC.

A THRILLING STORY OF A DARING ACT IN THE MEXICAN WAR.

A famous novelist, Capt. Mayne Reid, a native of the County Antrim, Ireland, now resident in England, has been compelled to correct certain misrepresentations indulged in by ambitious correspondents, relative to the part he took in the Mexican War, especially at the storming of Chapultepec Castle, which commanded the capital, on the morning of September 13, 1847. In a letter to a newspaper recently published, the gallant Irish soldier gives the following straightforward and stirring account of the famous and decisive assault:

On the day when Chapultepec was stormed (September 13, 1847) I was in command of the grenadier company of the Second New York Volunteers—my own—and a detachment of United States marines acting with us as light infantry; my orders being to stay by and guard a battery we built on the southern side of the castle during the night of the 11th, and which did good work on the 12th. It was about 1,000 yards from and directly in front of the castle's main gate, through which our shots went crashing all that day. The final assault had been fixed for the morning of the 13th, a storming party of 500 men, or "forlorn hope," as it was called, having volunteered for this dangerous duty. They were not exclusively regulars, as the letter writer asserts, but of all arms of the service, a Captain of regular infantry having charge of them, with a Lieutenant of Pennsylvania volunteers as his second in command. At an early hour the three divisions of our army (Worth's, Pillow's and Quitman's) closed in upon Chapultepec, our skirmishers driving the enemy's outposts before them, some of those retreating up the hill and into the castle, others passing around it and on towards the city. It was now expected that our storming party would do the work assigned to it, and for which it had volunteered. Standing by our battery, at this time necessarily silent, with the artillery and engineer officers who had charge of it—Lieuts. Huger and Hagner—we watched the advance of the attacking line, the puffs of smoke from musketry and rifles indicating the exact point to which it had reached. Anxiously we watched it. I need not say or add that our anxiety became apprehension when we saw that about half way up the slope there was a halt—something impeding its forward movement. Now, sir, for the motive that led me to act as I did, and which the newspaper correspondent has so much misconstrued; I knew that if Chapultepec were not taken neither would the city be, and, failing in this, not a man of us might ever leave the Valley of Mexico alive. Worth's injudicious attempt upon the intrenchments of Molino del Rey—to give it no harsher name—our first retreat during the campaign—had greatly demoralized, while reversely affecting the Mexicans, inspiring the latter with courage they had never felt before. And there were 30,000 soldiers of them to our 10,000—three to one—to say nothing of a host of rancheros in the country around and leperos in the city, all exasperated against us, the invaders. We had become aware, moreover, that Alvarez, with his spotted Indians (Pintos), had swung around in our rear and held the mountain passes behind us, so that retreat upon Pueblo would have been impossible. This was not my belief alone, but that of every intelligent officer in the army, the two who stood beside me feeling sure of it as myself. And this certainly it was, combined with the slow progress of the attacking force, which determined me to take part in the assault—that and nothing else. As the senior engineer officer outranked me, it was necessary I should have his leave to forsake the battery—now needing no further defense. Leave was freely and instantly given, with the words, "Go, and God be with you!"

The Mexican flag was still waving triumphantly over the castle, and the line of smoke puffs had not got an inch nearer it.—Nor was there much change in the situation when, after a quick run across the intervening ground with my following of volunteers and marines, we came up with the storming party at halt and irregularly aligned along the base of the hill. For what reason they were staying there we knew not—though I afterward heard that it was some trouble about scaling-ladders. I did not pause to inquire, but breaking through their line, with my brave followers, I pushed on up the slope. Near its summit we found a scattering of soldiers—some of them in the gray uniform of the Voltigeur regiment, others Ninth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Infantry men. They were the skirmishers who had thus far cleared the way for us, and far ahead of the "forlorn hope." But beyond lay the real area of danger—a sloping ground, some forty yards in width, between us and the castle's outward wall—in short, the glacis. It was commanded by three pieces of cannon on the parapet, which swept it with grape and canister as fast as they could be loaded and fired. There seemed no chance for us to advance farther without meeting certain death; but it would be death all the same if we did not—such was my thought and conviction at that moment. Just as I reached this point there was a momentary lull, which made it possible to be heard, and the words I then spoke, or rather shouted, are remembered by me as though it were but yesterday: "Men! if we don't take Chapultepec the American army is lost. Let us charge up to the wall!"

A voice answered: "We will charge if any one leads us!" another adding: "Yes, we are ready!"

At that instant the three guns on the parapet belched forth their deadly showers almost simultaneously. My heart bounded with joy at hearing them go off thus together. It was our opportunity, and, quickly comprehending it, I leaped over the scrap which had sheltered us, calling out: "Come on! I will lead you!"

It did not need looking back, to know that I was followed. The men I had appealed to were not the sort to stay behind, else they would not have been there, and all came after. When about half way across the open ground I saw the parapet crowded with Mexican artillerists, in uniform of dark blue with crimson facings; each musket in hand, and all aiming, as I believed, at my own person. There was a reason for their so concentrating their fires which I need not here enter into. The volley was almost as one sound, and I avoided it by throwing myself flat along the earth, just in the nick of time, only getting touched on one of the fingers of my sword hand, another shot passing through the loose cloth of my overalls. Instantly on my feet again, I made on to the wall, there to be tumbled over by the bullet of an escopet, about an ounce in weight, that went tearing through my thigh. But only a few scattered shots were fired after, as the scalding ladders now came up; some scores of men went swarming over the parapet, and Chapultepec was ours. My Lieutenant, Hypolite Dardonville, a young Frenchman, modest as brave, dragged the Mexican flag down from its staff. He died some fourteen years ago in the city of New York, without any record of the deed or word said about it—save in an obituary penned by his own hand in an obscure magazine of which I was the editor.

And now, sir, I must crave your pardon, as that of the American public, for troubling you with this personal matter and the details of a deed it never was my intention to publicly speak of, much less boast about. The do

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
FRIDAY, - - - - JAN. 12, 1883.

THE action of Mr. Meek, Clerk of the House, in reducing the number of pages from 15 to 6, and the scrubwomen from 115 to 64, will save the State $2,500 in a single session of 100 days. Good for Meek.

THE question, "Does repudiation repudiate?" will soon be settled by the Supreme Court of the United States, from the fact that what is known in Virginia as the Riddleberger refunding bill, which is only another name for repudiation, has just reached that body. The mode of settling the entire debt of the State is involved in the case.

A CATHOLIC priest in Donegal, Ireland, telegraphed to the London *Daily News* that he accompanied Mr. Trevelyn, Chief Secretary of Ireland, on a tour of inspection, and out of twenty families visited by them there was not a morsel of food in any house. This is a horrible picture of destitution and speaks trumpet-tongued against the remorseless and cruel result of Irish landlordism.

GOVERNOR HOYT'S message to the Legislature shows that the State debt amounts to $20,236,085,28, and that from this sum must be deducted the assets in the Sinking Fund, amounting to $7,092,983,82, leaving the actual State indebtedness on December 1, 1882, $12,232,099,46. During the last four years the reduction on the debt has amounted to one million, six hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

THE Senate of the United States will vote on the Fitz John Porter bill at 2 o'clock on this (Thursday) afternoon, in accordance with the unanimous agreement to that effect entered into last week by the supporters and opponents of the measure. It is conceded that it will pass the Senate, but there are so many important matters pending in the house that it is not at all probable a vote on the bill will be reached in that body during the six weeks that remain of the present session, and that it will have to go over until the new Congress meets next December.

THE Legislature reassembled on Tuesday last at 7 P. M. In the Senate the chair announced the standing committees, and after a few bills had been read in place, Mr. Watres, of Lackawanna, offered a resolution, which was adopted for the appointment of a committee of five to investigate the official acts of John C. Delaney, Senate Librarian. Watres is a warm friend of Delaney and the purpose of course is to whitewash him; but he ought to be convicted on general principles. In the House the speaker said he was not prepared to announce the standing committees and no business of importance was transacted.

IN accordance with the rules adopted by the last Democratic State convention, the Democratic State Committee will meet at the Bolton House, Harrisburg, on Monday next, to elect a Chairman, Permanent Secretary, and an Executive Committee of seven; and to transact such other business as the Committee may determine. Under the rules a county will be entitled to a representative delegate in the State convention for each *one thousand* Democratic votes cast at the last preceding gubernatorial election, or for a fraction thereof amounting to 500 or more. As Cambria gave Pattison 4,247 votes she will be entitled to four delegates in the convention, which will contain 359 members.

ARCHBISHOP PURCELL, old, poor and tottering on the brink of the grave, having received a Christmas present of sixty dollars from a friend, sent it to the Cinninnati *Catholic Telegraph* for the benefit of his creditors. There is something peculiarly touching in his letter enclosing the money to the proprietors of the *Telegraph*. While his financial operations were most unfortunate and terribly disastrous to a large number of persons, no breath of suspicion of dishonesty on his part has been whispered against the aged Archbishop. His letter is as follows:

ST. MARTIN'S, December 25th, 1882.

MR. OWEN SMITH, Proprietor of the *Catholic Telegraph*—Dear Sir: Having learned that you had opened in the *Telegraph* a subscription list for my poor, suffering creditors, I send you $60. Like the widow's mite, it is very small; yet, like the widow's mite, it is literally all I have. I could not send you even this were it not for the touching kindness of an old friend at Chrismastide. With this pittance I send you my warmest approval for your noble, generous work. God ever bless you and the *Telegraph* for your devotion to the cause of honesty and justice. You shall have my daily prayers for your success in your efforts to pay my debts. Please accept the deepest gratitude of an old, penniless Archbishop. J. R. PURCELL.

JUST before the adjournment of the Legislature on Wednesday of last week until last Tuesday, to enable the Speakers of the Senate and House to appoint the standing committees, a resolution was offered in the House by a member from Philadelphia, and unanimously adopted, declaring: "First, that the session of 1883 should be distinguished by a close and constant application to the business for which the members have been chosen by the people. Second, by a strict construction of the organic laws of the State. Third, by a suppression of all useless offices and a reduction of the expenses of the House so far as compatible with the public interests; and, fourth, by an early adjournment." If these avowed purposes are carried out there is a fair prospect that the session will not greatly, if at all, exceed one hundred days, and a hundred thousand dollars will be saved to the public treasury. It is not prudent, with past experience as our guide, to place too much reliances upon such fair promises. They are easily made and likely to be as easily broken, and we simply put them on record now so that when the session is brought to a close our readers will be able to judge for themselves whether or not the performance has come up to the high-sounding tone of the manifesto.

WHETHER OR NOT the Court House in New Bloomfield, Perry county, is nearer the Court House in Carlisle than the Court House in Harrisburg is, seems to have become an important question in the contested election case between Bossler, Rep., and Wagner, Dem., in the Cumberland and Adams Senatorial district. Both candidates reside in Cumberland county, Bossler having amassed a fortune as a government contractor in supplying beef to the Indians in Dakota and other western territories. Wagner was elected by a small majority and now occupies his seat in the State Senate. A few weeks ago Bossler began proceedings in the Cumberland county court at Carlisle before Judge Herman, who is a Democrat and a near relative of Bossler and for that reason declined to hear the case. His duties then devolved by law upon the nearest President Judge, and that is the bone of contention—Bossler claiming that the two judges in Harrisburg, Simonton and McPherson, both Republicans, are nearer than Judge Barnett, of Perry county, who is a Democrat. Bossler, at his own expense, has had the distance chained from Carlisle to the Perry county Court House, and the surveyor reports it to be 18 miles and 17 rods, going by way of Sterrett's Gap; but Wagner's attorneys claim that the distance is one mile shorter by Craine's Gap. On the other hand, it has been found by actual survey that the distance from Judge McPherson's residence in Harrisburg to the Carlisle Court House is 17 miles and 263 rods. A literal construction of the act of Assembly of 1874 would seem to require a measurement on an air line. The case was adjourned by the court from yesterday week until yesterday, in order to have some more surveying done—presumably the distance from Carlisle to New Bloomfield by the Craine Gap route. When each party to an election contest is afraid to trust his case to the decision of a Judge unless he belongs to his own party, it shows that there is something especially rotten in Denmark.

NO MAN in this country ever before had the Presidential itch to such an alarming extent as ex-U. S. Senator McDonald, of Indiana, is now suffering and from which there is no hope of his recovery until after the meeting of the next Democratic National Convention, in 1884. He is an able man, with a good public record, and is exceedingly popular in his own State, but if he ever stood any chance of being nominated his unseemly and overweening anxiety in his own behalf, as recently manifested on more than one occasion, has effectually destroyed it. It is a painful spectacle to see a man engaging personally and publicly in a movement having for its aim his nomination for the high and responsible office of President. The people will then turn away from the sight with utter disgust, as they have done on several memorable attempts at the same game that the Indiana ex-Senator is now playing. It is not pleasant reading to learn from an Indianapolis dispatch dated on Friday last, that at a gathering of Democratic editors and politicians, which took place in that city on the previous night, and at which Mr. McDonald was formally nominated for the nominated for the Presidency, he himself was present and made a speech in which he accepted the nomination. The past political history of this country shows that is a very easy matter to overdo the business of bolstering up the candidacy of any particular individual for the Presidency, and especially so if the proposed candidate himself lends his open personal efforts to the project. Unless we are terribly mistaken, the Indiana "claimant" will signally fail in the task he has undertaken, and will be a much wiser man after the next Democratic National convention adjourns than he was in Indiana at the meeting a week ago last night.

IF the Star-route conspirators swindled the treasury out of an almost fabulous amount of money, as they most assuredly did, the four lawyers who have been employed by the Government to conduct the prosecution against them are in a fair way, to use a vulgar phrase, of making a nice thing out of it. They are Bliss, of New York, Ker, of Philadelphia, and Merrick and Wells, of Washington. It seems that up to Monday last Bliss has been paid $39,000; Ker, $23,000, Merrick, $10,000, and Wells at the rate of $20 per day since he has been employed. These sums cover the amounts for professional services at the former trial, as well as during the present one, which may be said only to have fairly commenced. Merrick is much the better lawyer of the four, and yet he has bagged only one fourth the amount received by Bliss; while Ker has feathered his nest with more than double the amount paid to Merrick. Wells, of course, won't be anxious to see the jury retire until the fourth of July, seeing that his daily pay is twenty dollars. There is a good deal of very loud talk among Congressmen about the propriety of an investigation of the question how these contracts for fees were made, and it ought to be done. If the present trial last as long as the first one the pay of Bliss will amount to $80,000. He is a brother of Dr. Bliss, who wanted to be paid $25,000 for attending Garfield after he was shot. On the question of fees they are experts.

GOV. PATTISON has tendered to Col. Pressly N. Guthrie, of Pittsburg, the office of Adjutant General of the State and the tender has been accepted. This is an appointment eminently fit to have been made. Col. Guthrie served in the Union army during the whole of the war and won rapid promotion for courage and meritorious performance of his duties. He is now Colonel of the Eighteenth Regiment, National Guard, and comes of good Democratic stock. Jno. F. Hartranft, who is the Major General of the Guard, declared some time ago that if Pattison refused to re-appoint Latta, the present Adjutant General; he (Hartranft) would resign his position. Pattison has now given John F. a chance to go, and we hope he will not stand upon the order of his going, but go at once.

THE BENEFICENT DEPARTED YEAR.

Important in Our History as One of Peace and Prosperity.

THE HOME OF THE FREE.

THE CHOSEN LAND OF THE POOR AND OPPRESSED.

CORRUPT GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

[Regular Correspondence of the FREEMAN.]

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7, 1883.

DEAR HENRY—The eighty-second chapter of the nineteenth century has closed, and let us begin the record of the new year with hopeful hearts and becoming gratitude for the infinite goodness that marked the progress of our comings and goings. New proof of the stability of republican government have been found in the orderly administration of affairs which followed upon the murder of our President, and in the steady growth of fraternal feeling between the lately warring States of the Union. No plunge or scourge ravaged our land. There has been no halt in the developments of our agricultural or mineral wealth. Our towns and cities are increasing in wealth, affluence and population. The year of 1882 will take its place in history as one of the most beneficient of departed years. The people of the United States have shared to the full in the auspicious heritage of the year.

America still remains the chosen land of the poor and oppressed of all lands and climes. Here the immigrant finds the largest scope for the exercise of his faculties and the broadest basis of religious and political freedom that the world has yet known. When the persecutions of the middle ages are revived against the Jews in Russia the victims pause not in their flight until they have found protection beneath the American flag. When the Irish, Germans, Italians, Scandinavians, and the people of all other lands, desire to seek new homes their thoughts first turn to the United States. In spite of all drawbacks, the products of American skill are finding their way into the markets of the world, defying competition. Immense crops have been gained, and the constant widening of the area of cultivation of our cerials indicate that the country will have abundance to supply the deficits of the world.

Time's whirligig spins its annual rounds continually, but the windy ways of man are as dust which quickly rises up and as quickly laid again. The thresh hold of the year is a favorable time for retrospection, and it is well to adhere to the good fashion of making resolutions, for even if they are forgotten or disregarded, there is a gain in having made them, and in making plenty of them, too, for it is well for us that we cannot withdraw the veil that hides our future. Could we anticipate what is in store for us—that future would mar all the enjoyment and peace of the present. To-morrow is nothing more than a world of prophecies. To-morrow we do not know, and it is well that we do not. It is indeed well that we cannot pierce the invisible veil that conceals alike our joys and our sorrows. Well for us is it indeed that we cannot see through the gloom or shadow of coming ills, trials and afflictions.

Many prominent names attract attention in the cronology of the past year. The death reaper worked heavily in the ranks of men of letter. Ainsworth, Dana, Rosetti, Emmerson, Longfellow, Marsh, Blanc, Auerbach and others, all fell by the death reaper's scythe. All of these eminent men finished their work about the same time, and all have been given a large space in obituary columns. Many Statesmen Heroes and men of Science shuffled off their mortal coils last year. I could fill a column of the FREEMAN with the names of the eminent dead of 1882. But it is not of the eminent dead I think most of at this time, but of the humble dead, some that the world has never heard of, and who have left sadder vacancies than have the eminent dead.

I regret that in this, my first letter in the new year, I cannot with pleasing reflection, boast of having made a creditable record in the old year. I cannot felicitate myself with the consciousness of having done anything so ennobling that it would make a marked point in my history. But in a retrospective glance over my record in the last twelve months, in which there nothing seen in the horizon in which I can take just pride, as a hopeful observer there is a seeming prospect of doing laudable things during the twelve months. The old year closed rather unpropitiously, but the new year is opening up a prospect of a new era of development in virtuous action. While the past year, which brought with it joys and sorrows, brought no special joy for me, it bro't nothing to prevent me from gratefully welcoming in the new year. If I have no cause for satisfaction in the past, I have good reason for hope in looking forward to the future.

I will take occasion to inform the readers of the FREEMAN who have a desire to see Etta Ophinchia that they can do so by getting up in the morning at 4 o'clock on the 20th inst. At that time Ophinchia, a star in the constellation of Serpent Bearer, in conjunction with Venus, will be near enough to be seen, and the sight will be worth getting up at that early hour to see. Etta Ophinchia, like Venus, is "some pumpkin" of a star. Venus is morning star throughout January. She is the fairest and brightest of the starry throng that makes the morning skies tremulous with brightness.

From what witness J. A. Walsh has said to President Arthur about the testimony before the Washington Grand Jury, there is no doubt about Mr. Bliss, aGovernment attorney on the Star route cases, being a man in the wrong place. If Mr. Walsh's oath is to be relied on, Mr. Bliss is sympathizing with the Star route thieves, and was instrumental in permitting Senator Kellogg to escape being implicated with Brady and the others. Mr. Walsh reviews at length the court proceedings against the indicted men. He clearly recounts the failures and omissions of those charged with the prosecution, and tells the President plainly that if he intends to put the prosecution of the Star-route thieves above suspicion, that he will have Mr. Bliss removed, and fill his place with an honest man. It is terrible to contemplate, and most humiliating and degrading to think and believe, that the laws of the land have been wantonly and shamefully violated by the Star-route thieves and their friends and agents; witnesses of the Government have been terrorized by them; juries have been corrupted by them; Government officers have been made to violate their oaths, and even justice itself has been made a mockery of in the Capitol of the Republic. Can it be possible, that in this Republic, men in the full glare of day, can as organized plunderers, unblushingly and openly defy the power of the Government, through the aid of government officials. The Star-route thieves can only escape conviction and punishment through the corruption and manipulations of the Government. G. N. S.

—A frightful boiler explosion occurred on Tuesday at No. 1 blast furnace, Bethlehem (Pa.) Iron Company, resulting in the death of five men and a woman, and in the serious injuring of several others. Ten boilers were located over the engine house at an elevation of 35 feet. Five of these were 40 inches in diameter and 36 feet long, and the others were smaller and were used for heating purposes. Two of the largest boilers exploded with terrific force, wrecking and in the enterior of the engine house, and demolishing nearly half the pattern shop, adjoining the engine house. One boiler was carried through the ventilators and broke through the roof of the old mill and fell to the ground. Of the ten boilers only three were left in position.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.—When the regular train which left Rat Portage yesterday morning was nearing the bridge over the Winnepeg River the driver noticed a man walking on the structure. The train approached the bridge by a curve, so that the man could not see his danger. The bridge is too narrow to permit of a person standing on one side until a train should pass, and it was impossible for him to reach the other side before the train would overtake him. To jump from the bridge was certain death. The only course open was to clutch the outer board, and, suspended between life and death, await the result. This the man did, and the train, which could not be stopped, came thundering on. The conductor, recollecting that the steps of the Pullman car were very low and would probably strike the man's head, rushed to the rear of the train and uncoupled the car, which, by the prompt application of brakes, was stopped in time. The man pulled himself up and reached the other end of the bridge.

At this instant a freight train was observed backing around the curve, and there stood the Pullman car in the middle of the bridge, filled with the terrified passengers, for the front of the train had gone off. The engine of the freight train was attached to the rear end, so that it was impossible for the engineer to see the Pullman car. To leave the Pullman car was certain death, as the passengers had no means of escape, and notwithstanding the shouts of the train officials the freight train came thundering on. It was a forlorn hope, but it was the only one, and quick as a flash Conductor Trodden, of the passenger train, signaled the engineer, who had gone off with the front part of the train, to back up. He saw the danger, but true to his calling, reversed his engine and sped back over the bridge on his mission of mercy. He reached the car, the coupling was made, the lever thrown backward, and not an instant too soon the Pullman car and its precious load were drawn from the threshold of death. Silently and with awed faces the passengers rode to the city, each one realizing how close had been their call. The caboose attached to the freight train was also filled with passengers, but when they saw their danger many of them jumped from the car into the snow drifts.—*Winnepeg Sun.*

GOVERNOR HOYT submitted his message to the State Legislature on Tuesday afternoon of last week. It consists of nine columns of the average newspaper. After some general introductory remarks he speaks of the financial interest of the State which he finds highly satisfactory. He refers to the public schools in a complimentary manner. State normal schools, he thinks, should be self sustaining. Of the soldiers' orphan school, which will close by act of Assembly in 1885, he thinks that provision should now be made for the children who will be wards of the State at that time. A good portion of the message is devoted to the industrial reformatory at Huntingdon, the penitentiaries at Pittsburg and Philadelphia, the reform school at Morganza, and the house of refuge at Philadelphia, all of which are spoken of as being in a fine condition and as effective as could be desired. Speaking of the National Guard he says: "Its continuance, under such conditions as will enable it to hold its own present state of usefulness and efficiency, as well as the confidence of the public, seems desirable in all points of view." In his concluding remarks he says: "For one, I have faith in the conscience and the growing intelligence of our commonwealth, and its ability to cope with and overcome the evils which have hitherto and may hereafter beset us. To despair of the virtue of the citizen is to despair of self-government, and to despair of self-government is to believe that the frame of human society is without a soul. We are beginning the third century of our existence as a State.—The reminiscences of the hour are well adapted to stir within us reflections upon the possibilities of organized society, the secret of right government, and the duties of the free citizen in the free State. But thoughts without resolutions have a sickly hue. Sonorous phrases count for nothing alongside of quiet deeds. Patient participation in public affairs will do more to redeem our politics than the eloquent lip-service of political philosophy, and the intensest sentiment, if never embodied in action."

CURIOUS CONJUGAL BARGAIN.—A bill in equity filed yesterday by William R. Halsey gives a curious story of a conjugal bargain, in which he came off second best. Mr. Halsey was married at Linwood, Delaware county, in April, 1877. His wife Rosanna was a buxom country woman, with, as it proved, a taste for the main chance. In the spring of 1881 Halsey was charged with a serious crime. His wife remained behind to take care of their baby, Emma. Halsey had been traveling for about a year when his journey was unpleasantly interrupted at Little Rock, being put into prison for bigamy. He had gone through the form of marriage again in Texas with a young woman whose name was Isabella Peacock.

After Halsey had been in jail for some time he received a letter, he declared, from his wife saying: "If you will give me $50 a month to live off I will do all in my power to free you and you may go." Halsey, who had been made melancholy by his incarceration, jumped at this means of release. A lawyer whom his wife had employed came to his cell and procured an assignment of his income, payable to him by the Philadelphia Trust Company, under the will of a deceased relative. After he had obtained his release from prison and recovered his composure he found that he had signed more than he was asked. He had not only given his wife a hold on his income, but had also, in case of her death, bound himself to contribute fifty dollars a month to the support of his child.

Mrs. Halsey got a divorce last November. In a bill in equity, filed yesterday, Halsey sets out the facts of his conjugal negotiations and asked that the assignment be declared void. His wife, he avers, has declared that she had no intention of binding her husband to his child and is quite willing now to allow the assignment to be vacated.—*Philadelphia Times, 7th.*

DOUBLE SUICIDE.—A Detroit telegram of Monday last says: A double suicide was committed in this city Saturday night or Sunday, evidently with the coolest premeditation. A man named J. Edward Monick and wife were the parties to the shocking transaction. He had been connected with the customs department of Chatham, Ont., but was discharged a few weeks since, and came with his wife to this city, where they took board at the Franklin House.

Saturday evening their month old child was given into the temporary charge of a lady connected with the hotel to take care of for a moment. He then locked his wife into her room and went away. The lady finally getting tired of her charge, sought about midnight to return the child to its mother, but was unable to get into her room. Entrance was finally secured by means of a key, when Mrs. Monick was found dead in bed, with every evidence that she had died from morphine administered by her own hand or that of her husband. The same evening Monick went to the Brunswick House, registered under an assumed name, and telling the clerk he would not want breakfast went to the room assigned him. Here he was found yesterday afternoon in an unconscious condition from the effects of a dose of morphine, and died later in the evening, all efforts to restore him to conciousness proving unavailing.

Both of them were under thirty, and had parents and other relatives living at Chatham. It is supposed that despondency over the discharge from his position and failure of all efforts at restoration drove the pair to the commission of the crime. Next to nothing is known of their previous history or any other cause to which the shocking event can be attributed. Relatives have already taken the bodies back to Chatham.

RESCUED FROM DEATH.

William J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., says: In the fall of 1876 I was taken with BLEEDING OF THE LUNGS followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the Hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lungs as big as a half dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when to my surpise, I commenced to feel better, and to day I feel better than for three years past.

Another Physician's Testimony.

BOSTON, MASS., May 9, 1881.

I know parties who have tried all kinds of medicines for Lung Diseases, who say that DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS is a COMPLETE SUCCESS.

DR. CHAS. H. WOOD.

EXCURSIONS TO HARRISBURG.—*Governor Pattison's Inauguration.*—For the benefit of those desiring to witness the ceremonies attending the inauguration of Governor-elect Pattison, reduced rate excursion tickets will be sold to Harrisburg and return from all ticket stations on the Main Line and Branches of the P. R. R. west of Mifflin, Pa., on January 15th and 16th. Good to return until January 17th inclusive.

"ROUGH ON RATS" clears out rats, mice roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs, skunks, chip, munks, gophers 15 cts. Druggists.

THE CONSPIRACY LAWS.

LABOR MAY UNITE FOR PROTECTION AS WELL AS CAPITAL.

Two years ago D. R. Jones, President of the Miners' Association, was arrested at the instance of the Waverly Coal Company, and tried in Westmoreland county for conspiracy. His offense was that in company with other miners and a brass band, he visited the works of the Waverly Coal Company for the purpose of inducing the miners to strike for higher wages. Jones was convicted and sentenced to a day's imprisonment in the Westmoreland county jail. Since then the Waverly Coal Company has preferred another charge of conspiracy, based on the same grounds, against Jones and the proprietors of the *National Labor Tribune*, claiming $70,000 damages. The case is set for trial next month. Jones wrote to Hon. Jere S. Black for his views and received the following answer:

"I cannot promise to be present at your trial, because I have other engagements which are likely to make it impossible. I must therefore decline any tender of fees which would bind me to act as your counsel. I do not see any constitutional question in the cause, as you state it, but it involves some points of general law, which, though interesting, are easily settled.

"Any number of employers may combine together and act in concert to reduce the wages of their workmen, and nobody has ever called that a conspiracy; but if the laborers in a shop unite to increase their wages and threaten to quit unless they are better paid, this, according to the old decisions in England and America, is a criminal offense.

"More recent cases, however, lay down the rule that a body of laborers may as lawfully say what they will take as employers may determine what they will give. Somewhat slowly, and with evident reluctance, capitalists have suffered the judicial mind to reach the conclusion that the employer does not exactly own the workman. If, therefore, the aim of your association was nothing worse than to put up the price of your labor to a satisfactory standard, and to counteract the natural tendency of other laborers to reduce it, you are innocent people and the Court will say so.

"I infer from your letter that you solicited others to join with you in making a demand for wages as high as your own, or else stop work. That was not wrong, either. If you had a right to form the association, you had an equal right to get as many into it as you could, so that outsiders may not defeat its purpose by cutting under, but you did not confine your membership or your influence to your immediate fellows working together with you in the employment of the same master. You went to another mine owned by other parties, and endeavored to persuade the underpaid coal-diggers there that justice to themselves, as to you, required them to lay down their tools unless they got the rates generally received in the neighborhood. At first blush this looks like intermeddling with a matter which did not concern you; but in truth you had a fair interest in it, because an increase of average compensation by one always tends to depress that of another. Your resistance to low wages was, no doubt, weakened by the submission of others near you. This principle is understood by employees. If Scott and Garrett and Jewett would agree to reduce the wages on the railroad 20 per cent. Vanderbilt and Gould likewise would be a thing of evil example in their eyes, and they would exert all their influence to make him come down to their level.

"Persons engaged in a common cause, whether it be to raise or lower wages, are entitled to the support of others if they can get it by fair means. They charge you, however, getting, or attempting to get, your concurrence you wanted, *vi et armis*, that is to say, by force or arms. If your association went to the other mine in a body, or sent a very large delegation, it was not worse than any other big meeting, unless you behaved with unlawful violence. Our institutions and habits of thought encourage the peaceable show of numbers as a means of persuasion. All organizations, political, religious and charitable resort to it. But you went there, or said you would go, with a brass band. I do not think this implied violence or any threat of violence. A trumpet or a trombone is not a deadly weapon, and music is not essentially warlike, or else it would not be used, as it always is in church and camp meetings. In addition to these charges of riot and conspiracy, you are accused, as I understand, of bribery. The miners whom you were trying to convert to your own way of thinking, had agreed that they would forfeit $10 apiece if they did not work a full year at the rate of wages previously agreed upon between their employers and themselves. This penalty of accepting your doctrine and acting upon it, they could not pay without assistance. Your association offered to give them the necessary material aid. This does not come within any common law or statutory definition of bribery that I know of.

"I may have misconceived this matter. If I have it is your fault. I take the facts as I gather them from your statement, which does not profess to be perfect or full. But, assuming it to be proximately correct as a general outline, you are certainly in no danger of even a verdict from the district attorney is a gentleman much too sensible to ask a conviction on such grounds."

Hop Bitters are the Purest and Best Bitters ever Made.

They are compounded from Hops, Buchu, Malt, Mandrake and Dandelion,—the oldest, best, and most valuable medicines in the world and contain all the best and most curative properties of all other remedies, being the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth. No disease or ill health can possibly long exist where these Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To all whose employments cause irregularities of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use Hop Bitters at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by so doing. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "Invalid's Friend and Hope," and no person or family should be without them. Try the Bitters to-day.

THE learned commentator, upon whom the Bellefonte *Watchman* depends for such matters, explains that the right error in the Hebrew translation has led to the apparent great disparity in the ages of the patriarchs and the moderns. In reading concrete numbers the Hebrews gave the large number first, consequently when the translation reads: "And all the days that Adam lived were 930 years, and he died" the true reading of the rule would be, "and all the days of Adam, which he lived, were a hundred years, and thirty and nine years, and he died," making the entire age of Adam 139 years instead of 930 years. By the same explanation the reported ages of others are reduced, Seth's from 912 to 121; Enos's from 935 to 114; Cain's from 910 to 119; Enoch's from 365 to 114; Methusaleh's from 969 to 124, and Noah's from 950 to 169—averaging about 120 in accordance with Genesis, vi. 3: "And the Lord said, My spirit shall not always strive with man, for that he is also flesh, yet his days shall be a hundred and twenty years." This was the regular good old age of men, with special variations, both before and for some time after the days of Abraham.

ADVICE TO CONSUMPTIVES.

On the appearance of the first symptoms, as general debility, loss of appetite, pallor, chilly sensations, followed by night sweats and cough, prompt measures of relief should be taken. Consumption is scrofulous disease of the lungs; therefore use the great anti-scrofulous or blood purifier and strength restorer, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Superior to cod liver oil as a nutritive and unsurpassed as a pectoral. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, and kindred affections, it has no equal. Sold by druggists. For Dr. Pierce's treatise on Consumption send two stamps. WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

—Smallpox is raging at Salem, Roanoke county, Va., thirty cases already having been reported. The towns of Wytheville and Roanoke are quarantined against it. Roanoke College has suspended and the students have gone home. The public schools are also closed and business is at a standstill.

"BUCHU-PAIBA."—Quick, complete cure for Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTIONS.

—Mattoon, Ill., comes forward with a baby with one head and two bodies.

—There were sixteen murders committed in Allegheny county last year.

—The bituminous coal miners will ask the present Legislature for protective legislation.

—A woman in Charleston, S. C., can show a $1,000 set of false teeth when she gets married.

—The Pittsburg Exposition Society is undecided on the question of holding an exhibition next season.

—A family residing in Dover, N. H., consisting of three persons, claims to have consumed 624 pies in the past year.

—Albert D. Wike, Marietta, Pa., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters has given more satisfaction than any medicine I know of."

—A Detroit druggist has labored to eighteen years to obtain a pardon for a man that he believed innocent. He succeeded last week.

—There are 105 widows in Woodbury, Conn., whose combined ages amount to 6,795 years, or an average of 66 years to each widow.

—A family of three persons was found dead, ten miles from David City, Neb., on Monday last, but whether they were frozen or murdered remains a mystery.

—A brakeman on the Richmond Railroad lost a plate containing two artificial teeth. A month later an old lady residing upon the line found it in the craw of a duck.

—A 12-year-old girl, who has been acting as lamplighter despite the protests of citizens of Harrisburg, was badly burned on Friday night while attending to her duties.

—During a panic caused by a fire on the alter of the St. Patrick's Catholic church at New Haven, Conn., on Saturday, many people were bruised, but none were killed.

—At Cheney, Washington Territory, Sunday night, eighty citizens took from the jail a Chinaman arrested for killing and robbing a Chinese woman and hung him to a tree.

—Owen Lynch was killed and John McGovern and John McCarty seriously injured on Sunday, at Glendon station, near Easton, Pa., by a locomotive backing up for a train.

—A pauper who has just died at the Suffolk county, N. Y., poor house was 102 years old, and had been in in the institution 40 years. His wife still lives at the age of 106.

—A Green Bay, Wis., man sold his horse, wagon and cow in order to make a present to his wife on Christmas. It was a timely gift, as it enabled her to elope with a Milwaukean.

—An aged lady in Philadelphia afflicted with cold feet placed hot bricks in her bed. During the night the bricks ignited the bed clothing and the smoke suffocated the woman.

—A violent earthquake shock was felt in different parts of Northern Ohio between 2 and 3 A. M. on Saturday. People were soon aroused from sleep and chimneys toppled over.

—Governor Stoneman, of California, emulates the example of Governor elect Pattison and Governor Cleveland, and will have no military display on the occasion of his inauguration.

—Polly Guernsey, a nurse girl, of Meadville, fell down stairs with a baby in her arms recently. She saved the child, but received injuries herself which resulted in her own death.

—Joseph Sanville and Miss Rauller, in crossing the river at Two Rivers, Wis., on Thursday, broke though the ice and both were drowned. They were soon to have been married.

—For nearly twenty hours before Gambetta became unconscious, says a cablegram from Paris, he complained that he was tortured with pain, as if a ball of red-hot iron were inside of him.

—A young man of Hamilton, O., borrowed 75 cents from his prospective mother-in-law to pay for a marriage license. He got the license, but he had it filled with another girl's name and married her.

—William Rodgers, of Bates county, Mo., is 107 years old. In early life he had both arms, both legs and several ribs broken. The only indication he shows of failing is the loss of second sight.

—Thomas Donahue, a respectable farmer of Williamstown, Mass., has made personal application to the authorities for his commitment as a lunatic asylum on account of an irresistible desire to kill some one.

—The British ship Empire, from Shields, bound for Bombay, has been burned at sea. Ten persons are known to have been saved, but three boats containing the captain, mate and fourteen hands are missing.

—Jenny B. Henry, of New Castle, Pa., sent up a toy balloon, with her name and address attached, and requested the finder to notify her. In 30 days she was advised that it had descended at Stanbery, Miss.

—William Kessler, while crossing the furnace dam at Emaus, Pa., on Friday broke through the ice and was drowned. Frank Dronkenmiller, who jumped in the water to save Kessler, was rescued with great difficulty.

—Governor Hoyt will remove from the Executive Mansion to the Lochiel Hotel on Monday next. Governor-elect Pattison will occupy apartments at the Bolton House from Monday until after his inauguration on Tuesday.

—Four men were killed on Thursday by the explosion of the boiler in the box factory of the Peninsula Manufacturing Company at North Muskegon, Mich., and as many more were seriously injured, One end of the factory was demolished.

—Harry Smith, a Philadelphian, has just died of hydrophobia. He was a cash boy, and was bitten three weeks ago by a black and tan dog brought into the store by a lady customer. The dog was not mad and the wound was very slight.

—Two children, aged 8 and 10 years, whose father and mother had died, started on December 1, from Virginia, Nev., for North Adams, Mass. They were without protection or guide, and nothing has been heard from them since they started.

—Charles Johnston, a colored mail agent on the Peoria, Decatur and Evansville road, was arrested on Thursday, charged with rifling the mails. He has been in the office but six months. The robbery was committed chiefly among registered letters.

—Fung Oy, aged five years, one of the only two Chinese children in the East, and daughter of the only Chinese woman in New York died of consumption on Tuesday. The funeral tomorrow will be conducted with all the ceremonies of the Chinese religion.

—Mrs. Hayes, of Manton, Wexford county, Wis., goes hunting with her husband every fall, carrying her own gun and shooting her own game. She has just returned from this seasons camping with three deer as the result of her individual skill as a hunter.

—A family in a burning house at San Francisco was aroused at night by the screaming of a parrot. In the confusion Polly was forgotten, and the fireman, who afterward rushed into the smoke in response to what seemed a woman's screams, found the bird dead in his cage.

—Thomas Fitzgerald, proprietor of the Philadelphia *Item*, was accused on Saturday of the theft of court records from the Prothonotary's office in that city. Judges Fell and Mitchell directed the District Attorney to frame an indictment against Fitzgerald for trial at the Quarter Sessions.

—Mrs. Carolina Gruber, aged 50 years, died on Thursday in the county hospital at Reading, of acute manis. About a year ago the unfortunate woman, who was highly respected by her acquaintances, was accused by a grocer of the theft of a small article, and the accusation made her a raving maniac.

—Curtis E. Burdick, of Brooklyn, has been separated from his wife for three years. Two weeks ago they were reconciled by the kind offices of a daughter. They spent last week in hunting a suitable place to resume housekeeping. On Saturday he cut his throat, almost severing the head from the body.

—John, Annie and Louisa Kadisch, of Waterton, Wis., were held for trial in the Circuit Court of Jefferson county on Saturday for murdering their mother December 13. The body was exhumed and fatal wounds found upon it. The reason for the deed is thought to be a desire to obtain possession of property.

—The foundation stone of the magnificient Church of the Saviour at Vienna, which has been under construction for twenty-six years, and is the expression of a national thanksgiving for the preservation of a monarch's life, is a block of marble, quarried on the Mount of Olives, Jerusalem. The church will cost $1,875,000.

—Frederick Mann, the murderer of the Cooke family at Little Rideau, Ont., on the 3d inst., previously attempted to poison a doctor's family in Montreal, where he lived as a servant. He had a quarrel with the housekeeper, and put poison in the coffee pot. He was discharged and told to leave the city or he would be prosecuted.

—It is understood that Lieutenant Commander Gorringe, who brought the Egyptian obelisk, known as "Cleopatra's Needle," to the United States, is to be ordered to command the naval iron-clad tug Pinta on her voyage around the Cape to her future station in Alaska. The Pinta, now at Norfolk, will be ready to sail in about three weeks or a month.

—A zealot desired to go to heaven without delay from Reading, Pa., but prayed in vain for death. Then he tried the plan of kneeling in the Schuylkill river while he offered up his petition, but the result was only a violent cold, from which he recovered. His next place for prayer was on a railroad track, before an approaching express train, but he was dragged off in time to thwart his purpose.

—Five boys broke through the ice in the Neponset river in Massachusetts, and a man named Bond went to their assistance. He rescued two, and then, lying flat on the ice, tried to pull out the others. While doing so he called upon a passing teamster to assist him, but the fellow replied that he had a long distance to go and did not want to get wet. The ice broke under Bond and he was unable to save the other three boys.

—The residence of Nathan Dentignae, of McDuffe county, Ga., was burned to the ground on Sunday night, and next morning the charred bodies of his three children were found in the debris. The parents had gone visiting and the children left alone had locked all the doors and gone to bed. When the fire broke out they lost presence of mind and could not make their escape. The eldest child was 12.

—The Bellefonte *News* says: A two-year old son of Mr. David Woods, living near Martha, died on Wednesday under distressing circumstances. An older brother was applying creosote to his tooth for the toothache, and placed the bottle containing the liquid near the child. Unobserved

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - JAN. 13, 1888.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

A Great Offer!

To all new subscribers and renewals paying us $2.00 in advance (which is only fifty cents more than the price of our own paper), we will send the FREEMAN for one year and also the

PEOPLE'S MAGAZINE,

—CONTAINING—

CHOICE STORIES

Poetry and First-Class Literature for the Entertainment, Instruction Encouragement and Inspiration of

THE HOME CIRCLE.

Useful and interesting articles on HOME LIFE, HEALTH and HOUR ECONOMY. Interesting Stories and valuable articles for

YOUNG PEOPLE.

Together with a column of WIT AND HUMOR, making a first class magazine for all who enjoy what is GOOD AND LIVELY, or appreciate the TRUE AND BEAUTIFUL in Literature. Nothing but the

BRIGHTEST GEMS

are admitted into its columns. We will also send (postage paid) to each subscriber at above price,

30 CARD Chromos 12 LARGE! Chromos FREE.

These Chromos are from separate, unique and beautiful designs. They are new and very attractive. The most valuable premiums ever offered. They are not floral pictures, but bright, cheerful and really artistic designs. Send in your orders. Renew your subscriptions and secure these magnificent premiums, with which to beautify your home, at once. Address

CAMBRIA FREEMAN,
EBENSBURG, PA.

Here, There and the Other Place.

—Dried sweet corn for sale at Barkers'.

—Buy at the "Sugar Bowl" and get big bargains.

—Nice canned egg plums at Barkers'.

—Mr. Celestine Blair took the iron clad oath as Deputy Sheriff on Wednesday.

—Marrofat peas, canned, at Barkers'.

—Sheriff Luther's first official pronunciamento appears in our paper to-day.

—Canned corn, cheapest, at Barkers'.

—Now is the time to buy goods at the "Sugar Bowl." Such bargains are not offered at any other store in Ebensburg.

—Canned fruit of all kinds at Barkers'.

—You can buy many articles at the "Sugar Bowl" at cost. These goods must and will be sold. Call and examine.

—All kinds of canned goods at Barkers'.

—Will T. Monteius, Mt. Carmel, Pa., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters thoroughly cured me of indigestion and general debility."

—Colts need a little of Barker's powders.

—The Altoona *Tribune* can have the blooming pansies, but we object to the moving East Conemaugh over into Blair county.

—Have you one of Barkers' almanacs?

—The Scarlet, Cardinal Red, Old Gold, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Diamond Dyes gives perfect results. Any fashionable color, 10 cents.

—New canned apples for sale at Barkers'.

—The firm of Sechler & Kittell, attorneys at law, this place, ceased to exist on the 1st inst. Notice next week. Both gentlemen have our best wishes in the new deal.

—Cheapest canned tomatoes at Barkers'.

—Mr. Celestine Blair, second son of ex-Sheriff Blair, of this place, is doing clerical duty for Cambria's new Sheriff. Celestine is a neat penman and fair accountant.

—Canned string beans, cheap, at Barkers'.

—Another reduction in bread and cakes at the "Sugar Bowl." Special arrangements will be made with parties who desire to buy bread and cakes. Call and get prices.

—Canned pumpkins, for pies, at Barkers'.

—Application is to be made to the Legislature now in session to have the board of Poor Directors of Westmoreland county abolished and their duties transferred to the County Commissioners.

—Don't forget to buy canned goods at Barkers'.

—The McVeytown *Journal* thinks that a dog show might be successfully held in that place. Possibly so, but McVeytown had better learn how to hold "Cooney" before it indulges in canine carnivals.

—The best dried currants, cheap, at Barkers'.

—Councilman T. I. McKiernan, of Altoona, has recently returned from a trip to Salt Lake City, made, we presume, in the interest of the P. R. R., of which he is one of the most trusted and indispensible employes.

—Largest stock of canned goods at Barkers'.

—A young lady named Daily, a school teacher at Curwinsville, Clearfield county, was struck by a falling tree and instantly killed on Wednesday of last week, while walking on the public road near that place.

—The most canned goods for $1 at Barkers'.

—John Owens, High street, has something to brag about this week. It is his flour, said to be the best brand ever seen in Ebensburg. For sale by the sack or barrel. His line of groceries, such as coffee, tea, sugar, etc., is unsurpassed. Call and see him.

—Have you seen the canned goods at Barkers'?

—Mrs. James Mason, wife of the Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Gas Coal Co., at Manor Station, Westmoreland county, hung herself on last Tuesday morning. She had been ill for a long time, and temporarily lost her mind in consequence.

—Fresh Turkey prunes just received at Barkers'.

—A sleighing party comprising fifteen couples, all young and hailing from Jackson township and East Conemaugh, "tripped the light fantastic" at the Blair House this place on last Tuesday night—one of the coldest nights, by the way, of the winter.

—New stock canned goods just received at Barkers'.

—We hasten to retract our say last week about plug hats in connection with the New Year calls of the Owl Club. There was only one plug hat in the crowd, and it wasn't large enough to go around. The other plugs must have been in our eyes.

—Barkers' horse and cattle powders are the best.

—C. T. Roberts, High street, not only sells clocks, watches and jewelry cheaper than any dealer in these parts, but his display of watch and books suitable for all classes, cannot be excelled anywhere. He gives no chromos, but he always what is better—satisfaction always.

—Prunes, currants, raisins and citron at Barkers'.

—We regret to say that the condition of Ollie Henry, eldest son of Mrs. Margaret Henry, whose serious injury as the result of a fall on the stone steps at the Catholic church on New Year's morning, is very far from being encouraging as we go to press Thursday noon.

—Save money on your canned goods at Barkers'.

—Prothonotary Gates and Captain Ed. J. Humphrey are the men to be congratulated on this auspicious occasion, a son and daughter being the respective well springs of pleasure, etc., etc. The poet says something about "Grief flies," but we can't Humphrey-ly from the aforesaid ditty just now.

—White and yellow canned peaches at Barkers'.

—Carl Rivinius, High street, Ebensburg, would like to receive a visit from everybody in Ebensburg to-morrow. For this reason he wants to show one and all the most magnificent display of clocks, watches and jewelry ever brought to Ebensburg. Everything for sale, and for sale very cheap.

—Dried peaches, apples and dried corn, at Barkers'.

—Senator Boggs, of this district, being an old fire, has been made chairman of the Committee on Public Printing, and has also been chosen a member of the following named committees: Pension and Gratuities, Mines and Mining, and Public Buildings.—The House committees have not yet been announced.

—Your horses will thrive with Barker's powders.

—The former board of Directors for the Cambria County Mutual Fire Insurance Company were re-elected last Monday, viz: Jos. M. Beade, John A. Hinle, Henry Pringle, John Lloyd, Wm. M. Jones, John J. Evans, Thomas Griffith, H. Kinkead, John E. Gates, John Wagner, John J. C. Bearer, Henry Hopple.

—Two packages of Barker's horse powder for 25 cents.

—Messrs. John McNevin and Mich'l Yeager, Altoona, have just parted company by mutual consent as manufacturers of tin, copper and sheet-iron ware and dealers in stoves, ranges, etc., Mr. Y. retiring. There are no more deserving gentlemen anywhere than the two above named, and we trust that their ways may always be the ways of peace, piety and prosperity.

—Barkers' have peaches, plums, pumpkins, etc.

—Evaporated peaches, dried apples, London layer, Valencia and seedless raisins, canned goods, French and Turkey prunes, starch, corn starch, barley, oatmeal, cracked wheat, mixed meat, syrup, New Orleans molasses, vinegar, etc., etc., at the "Sugar Bowl," and will be sold at bottom prices.

—Hogs need Barker's horse and cattle powders.

—The Cambria House in this place will be sold over again, or at least offered for sale, at public outcry to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, Messrs. Andrew and Peter Gutwald, who purchased it conjointly at the first sale, having withdrawn their bid because they could not get possession on the first of next April, as they seem to have anticipated.

—Hens will lay more eggs with Barker's powders.

—Our genial little friend R. H. Thompson, who for the past eight months has been serving the traveling public with grace and dignity as manager of that large and elegant new hotel, the Park House, at Curwensville, of which Mrs. T. L. McNamara is proprietress, tarried in the land of his nativity hereaway from Friday evening until Monday afternoon.

—Barkers' can save money for you on canned goods.

—McDonald, Loretto, sells 10 lbs. brown sugar for $1.00; 8 lbs. white sugar, $1.00; 8 lbs. green coffee, $1.00; 6 lbs. best roasted coffee, $1.00; 4 boxes essence coffee, 10 cts; 4 papers soda, 10 cts.; 5 lbs. corn meal, 25 cts.; 5 lbs. hominy, 25 cts.; 4 lbs. barley, 25 cts.; 3 lbs. rice, 25 cts. Dried apples, peaches, prunes, raisins and currants at equally low prices.

—Buy one dollar's worth of canned goods at Barkers'.

—At an election held in this place on Tuesday last the following named gentlemen were chosen as officers of the Ebensburg and Cresson Railroad Co: President, A. A. Barker; Directors, Wistar Morris, Henry Walsh, N. P. Shortridge, Strickland Kneass, Thomas Davis, Richard Jones, Ed. James, F. H. Barker, Abel Lloyd, Thomas Griffith, George Huntley, J. P. Wetherell.

—Feed your stock Barkers' horse and cattle powders.

—Ex-Deputy Sheriff D. H. Kinkead, of this place, has secured the position of shipping clerk at the Gautier wire works, Johnstown, and will enter on the discharge of his duties on Monday next. His family, however, will remain here until Spring. Barry will fill the bill to perfection, and if close attention to business availeth aught he is bound to go up higher in the "sweet by and by."

—Do you know who sells the cheapest canned goods?

—On Tuesday last the assignees of Wm. M. Lloyd sold to Dr. C. S. Baker, of Blair county, one of the mortgagees, what is known as Mr. Lloyd's "homestead" property consisting of nineteen acres of ground and the Mansion house, for the sum of $36,567. The assignees' sale was then adjourned until May 15th, when they will offer for sale all the unimproved land situate in several of the Western States.

—Try Barkers' one dollar assortment of canned goods.

—Brother Trout, of the Lewistown *Free Press*, rushed in upon us very unexpectedly between trains on Wednesday last. He was en his way "over the hill to the poor house," but we are glad to say that he didn't stay there—it may be because they wouldn't keep him, he being out of his bailiwick. Be that as it may, he came here hungry enough to bite at a fly—Trout like—and went away with a full stomach—not from the poor house, but the Lloyd House.

—Your cows will give more milk with Barker's powders.

—We neglected to note the fact last week that the County Commissioners have reappointed Mr. Wm. H. McMullen as clerk and M. D. Kittell, Esq., as counsel. Mr. McM. has the reputation of being one of the most efficient incumbents of that position the Commissioners' office has ever known, and as for our friend "Don"—well, everybody recognizes his worth and so we will say no more about it. The respective salaries are $600 and $200 per year.

—Barkers' have apples, tomatoes, corn, peas and beans.

—"Unbidden guests are often welcomest when they are gone." Disease is an unbidden guest which Kidney-Wort almost invariably "shows the door." Here is a case in point: "Mother has recovered," wrote an Illinois girl to her Eastern relatives. "She took bitters for a long time but without any good. So when she heard of the virtues of Kidney-Wort she got a box and it completely cured her, so that she can do as much work now as she could before we moved West. Since she got well every one about here is taking it."

—Still in the lead—the Lem. Davis horse and cattle powder.

—Cambria county has got away with two pretty good things at Harrisburg, Lem. Davis, Esq., of this place, who is a good Republican and an earnest, efficient partisan, having been elected Sergeant-at-Arms of the State Senate, and Capt. Wm. Linton, of Summitville, chosen superintendent of the pasting and folding brigade of the Democratic House—a position accorded him by acclamation. We congratulate both gentlemen on their success, and more especially do we congratulate our fellow townsman, Mr. Davis, who would have had a poor show for the "posish" if a Sergeant-at-Legs instead of a Sergeant-at-Arms had been demanded.

—350,000 packages of Barker's horse and cattle powder sold in 1882.

—Work on the new armory progresses. The heater will be put in position and be in working order ten days from date. This job is in the nature of a sub-contract, and is being well and faithfully done by Mr. Jesse Bolsinger, for Mr. Parrish, the contractor. About two weeks from date the plasterers, Messrs. Hughes and Evans, will begin work. The institution, as we understand it from Mr. W. C. Williamson, the active member of the building committee, is to have the building ready for occupancy about the first of June next. The bonded indebtedness is now $6,000, which sum will be increased a couple of thousand dollars more. As an entirety, the armory will cost $9,000, which sum does not include the furniture.

—Joseph Mills and William Culbert, the former charged with rape and the latter with stealing rags, attempted to escape from the county jail on Wednesday evening by the use of a little stratagem. They fixed up the cots in their cells so as to create the impression that they were occupied, and then hid themselves in a vacant cell, from which they made their way into the corridor and thence to the jail yard, with the hope, no doubt, of being able to scale the wall during the night. When their escapade was discovered a search was instituted and they were found hidden in the pig pen. It is needless to say that they were speedily remanded to their old quarters, and that a strict watch will be kept on their movements hereafter.

—Mr. F. A. Thompson is postmaster at Hemlock (Lilly's station), this county, and also keeps a store at the same place. On last Friday night his establishment was broken into and dry goods, clothing, boots, shoes and other articles, valued in all at one hundred dollars, were carried off. Several registered letters and a number of postage stamps were also taken. Entrance was effected by the burglars removing a large pane of glass from a window, thus affording easy access to the store room. The building is situated in close proximity to the Pennsylvania railroad, and it is supposed by the authorities committed by tramps. All towns along the railroad were notified by telegraph of the robbery, but as yet we have not heard of any arrests having been made.

—Mrs. Emma Robb, of Johnstown, is the possessor of a queer old clock about four years ago it retired from the ticking business and was never wound again, being regarded as entirely useless. While the members of the household were gathered in the sitting-room on Tuesday afternoon of last week, the wheels of the old clock began to move and eleven separate and distinct strokes were sounded. After that effort ceased the clock once more relapsed into sombre silence. In a very short time a message was received by Mrs. Robb informing her that her sister-in-law, who resides in Bleirsville, was at the point of death, and that if she desired to see her alive she should at once hasten to her bedside. Mrs. Robb thought of the clock's strange performance and then of the message, and the coincidence produced a deep impression upon her mind. It undoubtedly is very singular, to say the least.

—A land and snow slide from a steep mountain in Westmoreland county came down on Tuesday last on a log cabin occupied by Thomas Johnson and his family, the husband and father being absent on a hunting expedition at the time, and crushed his wife and two children to death. When Johnson returned in the evening he was horrified to find a mass of snow, stone and timber occupying the place where his cabin had stood, and being unable to remove the debris himself within a reasonable time, he hurried off to the nearest settlement for assistance. Four or five strong men came to his aid and worked with a will until midnight before the roof of the cabin came in sight. It was partly crushed and the single room, in one corner of which his wife and children were found crushed and lifeless, was half filled with earth and stones. Johnson is nearly distracted over his terrible bereavement.

—From the Altoona *Tribune* of Monday last we learn that Mr. Urban Adelman, a German employed in the P. R. R. Co.'s foundry in that city, lost four of his family from that terrible scourge diphtheria, within one short week. His children were five in number—three boys and two girls. On Tuesday of last week, Rosanna, aged 5 years and 3 months, died; on the following Friday another of the children was carried off, and on the next morning two more lay cold in death. Two of the latter were boys, one of whom was about nine months old, and the other a daughter, aged 7 years. The funeral of all three took place on Sunday, their remains being interred in the cemetery of St. Mary's German Catholic church. The only remaining child, a boy 10 or 12 years old, was also attacked with the dreadful disease, and although he was still living on Monday, his life was despaired of. God pity and comfort the bereaved ones in their overwhelming affliction.

—On Thursday evening of last week, Minnie Bowman, the 15 year old daughter of William Bowman, of Upper Yoder township, a few miles from Johnstown, while on her way home was attacked by a man who sprang out of a thicket on the road side, knocked down and outraged. Her clothes were nearly all torn off, and before she reached home she was almost frozen to death. For some reason suspicion rested on Joseph Mills, who was tried at Dunlo on this county last year for attempting to outrage a little girl on the public road in Conemaugh township, and escaped conviction by a close shave. Mills left Johnstown on last Friday evening for Pittsburgh, and from something said by him to a couple of his friends before going, Chief of Police Harris was set in pursuit of him on Sunday morning, and succeeded in finding his man at the house of a friend of his named Finney, who formerly resided in Johnstown. He was brought back to Johnstown by Officer Harris, and on Monday morning, when taken to the office of Justice Rutledge and confronted by Miss Bowman, was identified by her as the man who had committed the outrage. In default of furnishing $1,000 security the accused was brought here on Tuesday and lodged in the county jail.

—The creditors of William M. Lloyd met at the Logan House, Altoona, on Thursday of last week, in obedience to a call issued by the Assignees. About one hundred creditors were present. Mr. N. W. Shafer, of Pittsburgh, Register in Bankruptcy, presided over the deliberations. The report of the Assignees showed a balance of money in their hands of $38,363.16, and that about $21,000 is due, but not yet collected. After reserving a certain amount of the cash on hand for the purpose of meeting claims of Lloyd, Hamilton & Co., of New York, and claims of other parties now in dispute, a dividend of 5 per cent. was declared. There have been three meetings of the creditors for the purpose of declaring dividends, and including the one declared last week the total dividends amount to 20 per cent. The great bulk of the bankrupt's property has been sold, and the Altoona *Tribune*, to which we are indebted for the foregoing facts, states that the assignees "assure us that there will be further dividends, though how much or when they can't tell." There will be no meeting of creditors again until the Assignees call them together.

TWENTY YEARS A GREAT SUFFERER

from Constipation. Had swallowed a half bushel of Pills, and drank over a barrel of Cathartic and Laxative slops. Had tried every Patent Medicine recommended in such cases, and had been treated by all the very best physicians in Philadelphia, and was finally told by her consulting physicians that she was now too weak for Cathartic Medicine and that she must die. She then took *Mensalin* and was cured. See 31 page of the "Ills of Life." Get the book from your Druggist or address Dr. Hartman, Osborn, O., for one.

AN ALLEGED FAITH CURE IN HUNTINGDON COUNTY.—The Huntingdon *Local News* states that the citizens of Alexandria and Petersburg, in that county, are greatly excited over the miraculous cure by faith of Mr. John R. Neff, aged about 23 years, who had been badly crippled with inflammatory rheumatism for fourteen years. His friends opened a correspondence with Mrs. James Miller, who formerly lived in Huntingdon county, but who is now a resident of Tower Hill, Illinois, and who for some years has practiced the faith cure, which is prayer.—Mr. Neff's case was also brought to the attention of Miss Judd, the leader of the faith meetings in Buffalo, N. Y. On Thursday morning of last week a letter was received from her to the effect that at eight o'clock that evening Mr. Neff would be the subject of prayer. Word was sent to the neighbors and friends, and at the appointed hour about forty or fifty persons, believers and unbelievers, gathered at his mother's residence about a mile from Alexandria, to witness the result. Mr. Neff was present, and shortly after eight o'clock he arose, threw away his crutches, walked around the room shaking hands with all, and began talking in a very eloquent manner. Mr. Neff believes his cure will be permanent, and the *News* states that on Friday and Saturday last he walked without the use of his crutches, the effect of walking producing no other effect than some soreness in his limbs. The case is certainly a remarkable one.

GRAPE CULTURE AND PORT WINE.

Mr. A. Speer, of New Jersey, one of the largest grape producers in the East, commenced, but a few years ago, in a small way, to make wine from currants, blackberries, and other fruits. He now controls large vineyards of the Oporto grape, from which his famous Port Grape wine is made, and which chemists and physicians say rivals the world for its beneficial effects on weakly and aged persons and consumptives. For sale by E. James, Ebensburg.

—Mr. Philip Sanders, of Munster township, was unfortunate enough to lose his pocket-book containing forty-six dollars and valuable papers somewhere between Loretto and Chest Springs, on Saturday, Dec. 23d. A reward of ten dollars will be paid to any person returning the pocket-book and its contents, and we trust that the finder will not fail to do so, as Mr. S. is an honest, hard-working man who can ill afford to bear the loss.

SWINDLERS ABROAD.

If any one has represented that we are in any way interested in any bogus bitters or stuff with the word "Hops" in their name, cheating honest folks, or that we will pay any of their bills or debts, they are frauds and swindlers, and the victims should punish them. We deal in and pay only the bills for the genuine Hop Bitters, the purest and best medicine on earth.

HOP BITTERS MANUFACTURING CO,

—Mr. G. A. Kinkead is agent in this place for the following first class and strictly reliable insurance companies: Protection Mutual of Cambria county; North America and Fire Association, both of Philadelphia, North British and Mercantile, of London and Edinburg; Queen, of Liverpool and London; Standard Fire Office, of London; Travelers' Life and Accident Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., and the Equitable Life Assurance Society, of New York.

A GENERAL STAMPEDE.

Never was such a rush made for any drug store as is now at E. James' Drug Store, Ebensburg, for a trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. All persons afflicted with Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs, can get a Trial Bottle of this great remedy free, by calling at above drug store.

ADJOURNED ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—James J. Kaylor, Esq., Assignee of Joseph Burgoon, will offer twenty acres of land, all cleared and fenced, with a two story frame house and frame stable thereon erected, at an adjourned sale to be held on Wednesday, Feb. 7, 1883, at 2 P. M. Terms of sale: One-third in hand, and the balance in one year, with interest, to be secured by bond, etc.

WOMAN AND HER DISEASES

is the title of a large illustrated treatise, by Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., sent to any address for three stamps. It teaches successful self-treatment.

A CARD.—Know all men by these presents, that if Michael Quartz, or any other person, feels at all aggrieved or injured in character by anything written by me in the School Report No. 5 of Cresson schoolhouse, that I deny having had any such intention.

WM. MCGOUGH.

Hemlock, Jan. 6, 1883.

"SIGH NO MORE, LADIES!"

for Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is a prompt and certain remedy for the painful disorders peculiar to your sex. By all druggists.

—The Huntingdon *News* won't succeed in capturing many subscribers for its namesake away out in Chicago unless it revises its figures to the extent of one thousand mills.

MOTHER SWAN'S WORM SYRUP.—Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c. [1-3.-1m.]

JURORS FOR MARCH COURT.

Following are the names of the Grand and Traverse Jurors who have been drawn to serve at the ensuing term of our County Court, commencing on the first Monday of March next:

GRAND JURORS.

Barnhart Mich'l, farmer, Upper Yoder twp.
Connell Wm. H., clerk, W. ward, Ebensburg.
Dodson William, farmer, Allegheny twp.
Farabaugh Charles, farmer, Blacklick twp.
Flick William, carpenter, Loretto borough.
Foekler A., painter, Fifth ward, Johnstown.
Fritz Daniel, farmer, Susquehanna twp.
Galbraith Wm. L., farmer, Taylor twp.
Hasson John, laborer, 2d ward, Conemaugh.
Hay H. M., clerk, 1st ward, Johnstown.
Huber Jacob A., farmer, Carroll township.
Kirkpatrick James, farmer, Elder twp.
Markley Frank, shearsman, Woodvale bor.
Miller T. C., farmer, Clearfield township.
Murdock Alex., hoster, 1st w'd, Johnstown.
Riblett Joshua, farmer, Portage township.
Roberts Owen, farmer, Summerhill twp.
Ross Levi, gentleman, 8th w'd, Johnstown.
Ryan John, hoster, Prospect borough.
Skelly John, farmer, Summerhill township.
Taylor Frank, merchant, Prospect borough.
Varner Joseph, farmer, Croyle township.
Vaughen Sam'l, blacksmith, 1st w'd, Millville borough.
Walters Christ., farmer, White township.

TRAVERSE JURY—FIRST WEEK.

Arthur Sam'l, carpenter, 3d w'd, Johnstown.
Banman John, farmer, Allegheny township.
Berkey Geo., shoemaker, 6th w'd, Johnstown
Bloch John, merchant, 3d ward, Johnstown.
Bowser Jacob, blacksmith, Taylor twp.
Brinker A. D., merchant, 2d w'd, Johnstown
Burgoon Frank, carpenter, Portage twp.
Clark Patrick, laborer, Taylor township.
Cope A., carpenter, 2d ward, Conemaugh bor.
Cover Alex., farmer, Conemaugh township.
Croyle Joseph, farmer, Croyle township.
Edwards E. L., merchant, 5th ward, Johnstown.
Englehardt, Henry, blacksmith, 7th ward, Johnstown.
Fouch Jonas, wagonmaker, Adams twp.
Foust Isaac, butcher, Stonycreek twp.
Harris, W. W., farmer, Jackson twp.
Harshberger, Hiram, laborer, Upper Yoder township.
Herdman, John, laborer, Coopersdale.
Hopfer Philip, lumberman, Portage twp.
Horner D. J., farmer, Stoneycreek twp.
Humphreys E. J., teamster, W. ward, Ebensburg.
Kelly John, laborer, Washington township.
Kinney John, clerk, 2d ward, Johnstown.
Kline C. P., machinist, East Conemaugh.
Koontzman Lawrence, farmer, Allegheny township.
Leib Casper, merchant, Barr township.
Litzinger C. B., teamster, 1st ward, Conemaugh borough.
Litzinger John, teacher, Clearfield twp.
Luther C., farmer, Carroll township.
Mardis Geo. C., farmer, Blacklick twp.
McCombie Chas., farmer, Elder township.
McConnell Wm., grocer, Washington twp.
Miller Christian, carpenter, Grubbtown bor.
Miller M. B., farmer, Richland township.
Miller Spencer, Grubbtown bor.
Murphy James, miner, 1st w'd, Millville bor.
Murray Mich'l, laborer, 2d w'd, Conemaugh.
Nagle Michael, farmer, Dean township.
O'Friel H. T., merchant, Loretto borough.
Owens J. A., fireman, 1st w'd, Millville bor.
Priest Jas., watchman, Woodvale borough.
Sanker Anthony, farmer, Allegheny twp.
Strayer John, heater, 1st w'd, Cambria bor.
Stutzman Jacob, farmer, Upper Yoder twp.
Ward Jas., laborer, 1st w'd, Cambria bor.
Washburn James, boss, Prospect borough.
Weakland Isaac, farmer, Carroll township.
Weisgarver John, miller, 1st ward, Johnst'n.

TRAVERSE JURY—SECOND WEEK.

Bomgardner Simon, laborer, Richland twp.
Burns Francis, blacksmith, Gallitzin bor.
Carpenter J. F., peddler, Johnstown bor.
Conrad Anthony J., farmer, Allegheny twp.
Cover Amos, farmer, Taylor township.
Douglass John, farmer, Allegheny twp.
Flinn Wm., merchant, Portage township.
Freidhoff Henry, bricklayer, Lower Yoder township.
Freidhoff Joseph, carpenter, 2d ward, Conemaugh borough.
Gattys G. W., carpenter, 7th w'd, Johnstown
Gorman John, sawyer, E. ward, Ebensburg.
Grant Wm., laborer, 2d w'd, Conemaugh.
Griffin Jas., merchant, 2d w'd, Cambria bor.
Griffith N. B., farmer, Taylor township.
Huber Wm. R., clerk, 1st w'd, Johnstown.
Kell J. S., farmer, Portage township.
Kinney Peter, butcher, Wilmore borough.
Krise Geo., farmer, Chest township.
McGee, W. G., teamster, 6th w'd, Johnstown
McGuire Michael, farmer, Richland twp.
Miller Isaac P., farmer, Upper Yoder twp.
Morris Rob't H., farmer, Barr township.
Murray Chas., laborer, 2d w'd, Conemaugh.
Porter Jas. A., teacher, Susquehanna twp.
Ramland Elias, farmer, Blacklick township.
Rosenhamer John, farmer, Cambria twp.
Rayley Geo., machinist, 1st w'd, Millville.
Raymond John, laborer, Richland twp.
Reed Samuel, farmer, Blacklick township.
Rorabaugh Henry, laborer, Croyle twp.
Rutledge Irvin, justice, 6th w'd, Johnstown
Ryan James, farmer, Chest township.
Scanlan J. V., clerk, 2d ward, Johnstown.
Seigh John, merchant, Lower Yoder twp.
Sharp John, foreman, Munster township.
Sherbine Philip, farmer, Summerhill twp.
Schettig Henry, farmer, Cambria township.
Schwadorer Geo. J., brewer, Washington township.
Smith J. P., gardener, Grubbtown borough.
Snyder Albert, dairyman, Taylor township.
Storm Augustine, farmer, Clearfield twp.
Strayer Solomon, farmer, Taylor township.
Stutzman Stephen, farmer, Upper Yoder township.
Thomas Benjamin, machinist, 1st w'd, Millville.
Weakland Mich'l, farmer, Susquehanna twp.
Weakland Thomas, innkeeper, Carroll twp.
Westbrook N. B., constable, Portage twp.
Zolen Michael, shoemaker, Carrolltown bor.

ORIGINAL POETRY.

THE KEY OF LIFE.

'Tis said that Colonel Ingersoll
Maintains this present life is all,
But mere assertion is no proof,
As sure as Satan wears a hoof;
For we can say on t'other hand
There is a dreadful fiery land.
Now let the gallant Colonel bring
Strong arguments to prove the thing,
For 'tis a weighty circumstance,
And one that don't stand a chance,
To pass a heaven like Christian folk,
Or in eternal fire and smoke!
For, that we all have sins, 'tis sure
And certain to the veriest boor.
Now, whate'er called us on this stage,
A fairy being to engage,
Might still prolong our lives hereafter;
Our thinking thus need cause no laughter.
Let any man say new we couldn't
Live so hereafter! No, he shouldn't!
For whate'er brought us on this far
Could still drive on the eternal car.
Disprove the assertion—I don't fear it!
Man's life comes next to that of spirit;
And why should this great universe
All and any vanish with the hearse?
Teh sun, the moon, the planets shine—
The stars are marshaled into line,
And comets rush with blazing train
Throughout the boss in speed amain,
Not one part jars upon the other,
One star doth not his neighbor bother;
All waves, one mighty, grand machine,
And not one rebel can be seen;
'Tis plain from this there is some great plan,
And not the least in it is man.
Next, the fair earth to contemplate
Through ether bowling at full weight,
Her land and water checkered face,
Her landscapes drawn with wondrous grace,
Her mountains, hills, and forests grand,
Her flora spread on every hand;
Her animated being, too,
That fills earth, air, and heaven blue;
All laws of water, air and land,
Fits everything on every hand.
'Tis not but wisdom everywhere,
No blemish mars her feature fair;
Then what should alter Wisdom's plan
In cutting short the life of man?
Is't for this present life.
In universe, with being rife?
Is man unworthy of the boon
When he can note and weigh the moon?
Would it not be inglorious quite,
To snuff such being into night?
What should live always senseless matter?
That would prefer the more the better!
That's plainly out of Wisdom's way,
As sure as night precedes the day!
But there is given a wondrous key
That opens up life's mystery;
The Word Prophetic, shown to men,
The knowledge of the Spirit's ken;
A chart of life, to ocean's end,
Which shows the headlands of the past,
All time's main isles and shores we see,
On to the pearly dimity!
This is God's word; what needs man more
To guide him to th' eternal shore?
Why plan all heaven, and earth, and sea,
To ope the Universe? The Key
To immortality was given,
Long ages past, to men from Heaven!
The life these deeds we contemplate;
Their number now is truly great.
Were introduced by Sin's dark night;
For man at first formed in light.
He wandered from God's pure love
And then he first began to doubt
And wrongly reasoning in the dark,
Without an aim, without a mark.
All Heathen Systems are, in sooth,
But grotesque shadows of the Truth!
Mahomet's view you plainly see
Within the great Inspired Key.
The ninth of Revelation shows
From whence the smoke of Islam rose
Obscuring all the Christian light,
And shadowing men's souls in night,
The prophet did on Patmos write
Of Saracen and Turkish blight;
Five centuries ere the plague began,
He showed their coming unto man.
This single instance plainly shows
Whence came the single, double woes.
One instance shews the inspired pen
Convincingly as thousands ten.

A. D. H.

DR. C. W. BENSON'S Celery and Chamomile Pills are prepared expressly to cure and will cure Headache of all kind, Neuralgia, Nervousness and Dyspepsia. Proved and endorsed by physicians. [1-3.-1m.]

For the Happiness of Home.

From a Clergyman's Home Comes a Message Containing the Wisdom of Experience.

Home is the centre of the social system. From it proceed the best and purest influences felt in the world, and towards it gravitate the tenderest hopes of humanity. For it all good men labor while their working days last, and around it their last thoughts linger lovingly when those days are done.

Yet home does not usually approach in practice its own ideals. The mother is overtaxed with household duties and the rearing and training of her children, while the father fights the outside battle to win the wherewithal to meet expenses.—Sooner or later care and toil leave their marks.—It is true enough, as Kingsley sings in the "Three Fishers," that

"Men must work, and women must weep,"

but too much working and weeping brush all the bloom from life's fruit.

Mental anxiety and lack of rest and pleasure induce physical diseases of many kinds; whence the need of a trustworthy tonic to give help and strength in times of need. Among the good workers of the land who have found such a sure anchor is Mrs. A. C. George, wife of Rev. A. C. George, D. D., pastor of the Centennary M. E. Church of Chicago, whose words we have her permission to quote:

"I use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC in my family, and can say that we are highly pleased with it as a tonic. From my experience of its value, I recommend it as a reliable family medicine."

Please notice first, PARKER'S GINGER TONIC is *not a mere essence of Ginger; second, it contains nothing to create an appetite for intoxicating drinks; third, it is a splendid health restorative for all who suffer from disordered Liver or Kidneys, or any disease arising from indigestion or impure blood.* Accept no substitute for it. Prices, 50c and $1 per bottle. It is cheapest to buy the larger size. Hiscox & Co., New York.

When you have heard about old Santa Claus,
But naught, I think of his good-natured wife,
And I must tell you of her fears, because
In sweet'ning life for you she spends her life.
She's small and plump, her eyes are brown and bright,
And in a cave she lives that's full of toys,
Where, with her servant-elves from morn till night
She's busy working for the girls and boys.

The holidays are over, but they will come again. Meantime, Mrs. Santa Claus will arrange things for the successful advent of her husband a year hence. We have a note from her which reads: "Dear children when you want to buy boots or shoes, go to S. Blumenthal's, 119 Eleventh avenue, Altoona." He sells the best.

Read this, ye wealthy bachelors and remember:
The homes that are desolate,
Hearts that are sad—
Do something for some one,
Make somebody glad.

In other words, get married. Then, one part of your mission on earth having been performed, do another good deed. Doff that shabby suit of clothes you wear and go to Jas. J. Murphy's, 199 Clinton street, Johnstown, and get something at once reasonable and serviceable. He deals in only the best quality of goods, and sells low down in the figures.

A LITTLE bird sat on a cherry limb,
And a dear little maiden listened to him.
For each word of his song, though loud and clear,
Was meant for nobody else's ear:
"Sweet! Sweet!" he said, "you'll surely agree
The man the head of the house should be."

The man who is the head of the house is the man who says to his wife: "Those boys of ours, when they want new clothing, must go to the New York Clothing Hall, 210 Main street, Johnstown, for they sell better and cheaper goods there than elsewhere." A large stock on hand, which must be cleaned out soon to make room for spring goods.

WALNUT LEAF HAIR RESTORER.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which Sulphur, Sugar of Lead, and Nitrate of Silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggist for it. Each bottle is warranted. Sprole, Kittle & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and MALE & RYCKEL, New York. 76-4.-ly.1

HYMENEAL.

O'HARRA—KIRKPATRICK.—Married, at the Church of the Holy Name, this place, on Tuesday morning, January 9, 1883, by Rev. Father Walsh, Mr. MICHAEL O'HARRA, and Miss VICTORIA KIRKPATRICK, both of this place.

GEORGE—ROHAUGH.—At the residence of the bride's parents, in Wilmore, on Dec. 26, 1882, by Rev. J. S. Miller, Mr. WASHINGTON GEORGE and Miss EMMA ROHAUGH, both of Wilmore.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of HENRY TOPPER, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Henry Topper, late of Adams township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN H. TOPPER, Administrator.
Wilmore, Jan. 12, 1883.-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned having been appointed Auditor to distribute funds in the hands of Evan M. Davis, Executor of David M. Davis, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office, in Ebensburg, on *Thursday, the 1st day of February, A. D. 1883*, for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims must present them or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

A. V. BARKER, Auditor.
Ebensburg, Jan. 12, 1883.-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned having been appointed Auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of Sylvester McKenzie, Administrator of Thomas Bronkhank, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office, in Ebensburg, at 2 o'clock P. M., on *Friday, the 2nd day of February, A. D. 1883*, for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims must present them, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

A. V. BARKER, Auditor.
Ebensburg, Jan. 12, 1883.-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned having been appointed Auditor to

MAKE HENS LAY

An English Veterinary surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely concentrated. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 5 letter-stamps. L. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

FRIDA[illegible] HOUR.

THE actic House, in re[illegible] ges from 15 to from 115 to 64, [illegible] 500 in a single sess for Meek.

Guenther's Lung Healer.

For the Cure of Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Pulmonary Diseases. Price, 25c, 50c and $1.00. Sold all by Druggists. GUENTHER & CO., Proprietors, PITTSBURGH, PA. LOWAY & CO., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia.

HUNTLEY

THE question, "P[illegible] pudiate?" will HAS RECENTLY REOPENED HIS Supreme[illegible] from N-SHOP DEPARTMENT

UNDER THE SUPERINTENDENCE OF A

PROFICIENT AND ACCOMMODATING WORKMAN.

REPAIR WORK, HOUSE SPOUTING and ROOFING

ATTENDED TO ON SHORT NOTICE AND AT LOWEST PRICES.

C. T. ROBERTS,

DEALER IN

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, BOOKS, STATIONERY,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, GROCERIES,

Notions, Medicines, Wall Paper, Cigars, Tobacco, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.

VARIETY STORE, EBENSBURG, PA.

RELIABLE GOODS. HONEST PRICES. FAIR DEALING.

GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

113 & 115 CLINTON STREET, JOHNSTOWN, PA.,

—ALWAYS HAVE THE—

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF

Dry and Dress Goods,

NOTIONS, MILLINERY, CARPETS, ETC.,

to be found in Cambria or adjoining counties. ☞Forget not the street and numbers and fail not to call, buy and be happy.

GREAT BARGAINS

TO BE HAD AT THE

GOLDEN EAGLE CLOTHING HOUSE

COUCH'S NEW BUILDING,

Corner Eleventh Avenue and 13th Streets, ALTOONA, PA.,

WHERE HAS JUST BEEN RECEIVED ABOUT

$20,000 WORTH of the BEST QUALITY and BEST MADE CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.,

Which we guarantee to sell at **20 per cent. less** than any other Clothing House in the city. Buyers may therefore rest assured that they can save from two to five dollars in the purchase of a suit of clothes or an overcoat by dealing with us. So please give us a call and examine our goods and learn our prices before investing your money elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

H. MARCH, Proprietor.

ALTOONA, PA., OCTOBER 27, 1882.-tf.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY AT

Hasson's New CHEAP STORE,

EBENSBURG, PA.,

IF YOU WANT ANY OF THE

Honest Goods at Honest Prices

EMBRACED IN THE FOLLOWING LIST:

ALUM,
ALLSPICE,
AXLE GREASE,
BAKING POWDER,
" SODA,
BEANS,
BLACKING,
" BRUSHES,
BLUEING,
BORAX,
BRAID,
BR'KFAST BACON,
BROOMS,
BUTTONS,
CALICOES,
CAMPHOR,
CASTOR OIL,
CARBON OIL,
CARPET TACKS,
CANNED APPLES,
" CORN,
" PEACHES,
" PEARS,
" TOMATOES,
CHEESE,
CHEVIOTS,
CHOCOLATE,
CIGARS,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
CLOTHES PINS,
COFFEES,
CORN STARCH,
CORSET JEANS,
CAMBRICS,
CRACKERS,
CREAM TARTER,
CURRANTS,
DRIED APPLES,
" CORN,
" PEACHES,
DRESS LININGS,
EXTRACTS and ESSENCES,
FIGS,
FISH,
" HOOKS,
" LINES,
FLOUR,
FRUITS,
GINGER,
GINGHAMS,
GUN CAPS,
" POWDER,
HAIR PINS
HAMS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOMINY,
HOOKS and EYES,
HOSE,
INDIGO,
INK,
JELLIES (all kind),
LAMP CHIMNEYS,
" WICKS,
" BURNERS,
LAUDANUM,
LEAD PENCILS,
LEMONS,
LINEN CRASH,
MACARONI,
MATCHES,
MOLASSES,
MUSLINS,
MUSTARD,
NAILS,
NEEDLES,
NUTS,
OILS,
ORANGES,
PENS,
PENHOLDERS,
PEPPER,
PINS,
PIPES,
PRUNES,
RAISINS,
RICE,
ROPE HALTERS,
SALT,
SARDINES,
SCISSORS,
SCRUB BRUSHES,
SEW'G MACH'E OIL,
SHIRTINGS,
SHOE LACERS,
SHOT,
SILK TWIST,
" THREAD,
SOAPS,
SPICES,
STARCH,
STOCKINGS,
STOVE POLISH,
SUGARS,
SUSPENDERS,
SWEET OIL,
TEAS,
THREAD,
TUBS,
WASHBOARDS,
WASHING SODA,
WOODEN BUCKETS,
YEAST POWDER,

AND MANY OTHER ARTICLES TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

NO OLD GOODS OF ANY KIND!

ALL FRESH!---ALL FINE!---ALL CHOICE!---ALL CHEAP!

A Liberal Share of Public Patronage is Respectfully Solicited.

R. L. Johnston, M. J. Buck,
F. A. Shoemaker, A. W. Buck

JOHNSTON.

SHOEMAKER & BUCK,

BANKERS,

Ebensburg, Pa.

Money Received on Deposit

PAYABLE ON DEMAND,

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

COLLECTIONS MADE

AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.

DRAFTS on the Principal Cities

Bought and Sold, and a

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

TRANSACTED.

Accounts Solicited.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

Ebensburg, March 10, 1880.-tf.

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

Three Doors West of Postoffice,

HIGH STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.

J. H. GANT, Proprietor.

THE PUBLIC will always find us at our place of business in business hours. Everything kept neat and cosy. CLEAN TOWELS A SPECIALTY. Sept. 15, 1882.-tf.

JOSEPH McDONALD,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EBENSBURG, PA.

☞ Office in Colonnade Row, on Centre street.

INCORPORATED IN 1865.

STRICTLY ON MUTUAL PLAN.

PROTECTION MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMP'NY

OF EBENSBURG, PA.

Premium Notes now in force - $136,000

Only Six Assessments in 24 Years.

Good FARM PROPERTIES

ESPECIALLY DESIRED.

NO STEAM RISKS TAKEN.

GEO. M. READE, President.

T. W. DICK, Secretary.

Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1881.-1y.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency.

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

Ebensburg, Sept. 22, 1881.-1y*

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. J. Lloyd, dec'd; (first floor,) Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily and collections a specialty. [10-34-tf.]

GEO. M. READE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA.

☞ Office on Centre street, near High.

LAW FOR FARMERS.

Some time since we gave an article on humbugs. The country is full of adventurers who prey upon two classes distinctively.—First, those who believe that all newspapers are liars, and second, that class who subscribe for the paper that is sold for the least money without reference to the reading matter it contains. Among the most successful swindlers are those who take a promissory note, for some swindle they have to sell, either drawn in such a manner that it may be altered or separable, or else under the pretense that it will not be presented until the article is tested. A good authority says:

A promissory note is a written agreement to pay a certain sum of money at a certain time. It must be definite and unconditional. It is therefore in the nature of money; being negotiable, and where payable to bearer, the property in it passes by the mere delivery of the paper on which it is written. It is not subject to all the defenses that are good as against other contracts. For example, it is generally good in the hands of an innocent holder, though the maker of it had lost it, or had been stolen, or obtained from him by fraud. This may be the case, even though it had been altered or "raised," as where I give my note signed in blank to a person, authorizing him to fill in a certain amount, as $10, and he fills in a larger amount as $100, and sells it to an innocent purchaser. I must pay the larger amount for I it was who permitted the fraud to be committed; and an old maxim of the law holds that were one or two innocent persons to suffer from the wrongful acts of a third, the loss must be borne by the one who enabled such third person to occasion it. The justice of this is obvious, and any sensible man will appreciate the necessity of protecting, in the largest degree, the rights of bona fide holders of negotiable instruments, which form part of the currency of the country, and if subject to all the defenses of other written contracts would be deprived of their main value.

Our advice is never to give a note unless written in the ordinary form, and you should know perfectly the contents thereof. The great number of frauds that have been perpetrated on the farmers of Western States and Territories by patent right men and worthless agricultural machinery agents, should be sufficient excuse for you to have nothing to do with men, especially in important transactions, who cannot satisfy your banker, lawyer or merchant that they are all right.

Another fraud is that of conveyance. The following decision is a case in point. Where a party conveys his property to a third party when judgments are outstanding against him, and such conveyance is with the intent to defraud his creditors, and the fraud is participated in by his purchaser, his title will not be protected, even though he paid sufficient consideration. Williams vs. Nachenheim, Sup. Court of Iowa.

So, again, when a note is executed by two or more parties, any alteration in it without the consent of all, notwithstanding the alteration was entirely honest and with no fraudulent intent, will be deemed a material one. Graighead vs. McLoney, Sup. Court, Pa., 39 Leg. Intel. 280.

In relation to mortgages there always has been and always will be difficulties. A careful man will never mortgage his home except as a last resort to raise money for legitimate purposes. In this connection a peculiar system of mortgaging farms in Switzerland will be interesting: A farmer may borrow of a dozen or more men successively, and the simple record in an official book showing their order. If he fails to pay, a successor is found for him by beginning at the bottom of the list of debtors, and calling on each in his order to assume all the debts and manage the farm, or step aside and lose his claim.

A SHAKING MOUNTAIN.—About four months ago a number of miners explored El Monte Amargo, the Bitter mountain in Northern Chili. Near the top of the mountain they found something of which they had heard marvelous stories—the eye of the Gold. This mine of poetic name was examined to the disappointment of the whole party. Evening had crept on and it was too late to descend, so the Californians lighted a fire under a rock near the summit there to pass the night. A furious wind was blowing from the neighboring desert of Atamaca. Suddenly the wind dropped, an unnatural calm and silence followed Then came a confused murmur as from a distant, angry crowd of people, swelling to a grinding, crushing sound. A slight shiver ran through the mountain, succeeded by a more positive rocking motion. The men got upon their feet as quickly as possible, but in another moment all were shaken down. One of the prospectors says that the mountain seemed to sink beneath them. A horrid roar prevaded all space, and Monte Amargo bellowed like the wind-stirred surface of the ocean. The men were seized with nasean and indescribable feeling of despair. The frightful phenomenon lasted less than half a minute, and when it was over earth and sky was as quiet and peaceful as ever. They had experienced "a trembler," said to be worse on the Bitter mountain than at any other place known.

THE RECKLESS BEE.—An experimenter in Southern agriculture told me the following historiette of Northern bees in the South. He took a colony of the little gratuitous honey-makers down in Florida. The first year they reveled, throve and stored honey nearly all the unvaried summer time. But the second year a few of the more reflective bees evidently turned the thing over in their minds thus: "This country has no winter to provide against; what is the real use of laying up honey when the flower grows all the year round?" These bees exerted enough influence among their friends to keep a good many bees from laying by their sweet merchandise the second year of their exile.

But the prudential instinct so strong in the little insect prevailed with the majority. They evidently said to themselves; "Perhaps this has been an exceptional year. Next year may bring cold and snow and dearth of flowers." So there was quite a stock of honey laid by the second year in spite of the few strikers. But by the third year the conviction had evidently thoroughly penetrated the mind of the bee that it was foolish to lay up in the land of eternal blossom. They made just enough to last from day to day, abandoned themselves to living from hand to mouth as recklessly as does any tropic-born butterfly.

SOMETIMES carpets and rugs become badly spotted and it does not seem advisable to take them up. The following method will then be found excellent: Rub a piece of hard soap upon every spot of grease; then take a hard scouring brush and dip it into a large basin of water, in which two tablespoonfuls of water of ammonia have been stirred, or a piece of carbonate of ammonia has been dissolved. Rub hard until all the stain has disappeared; then rinse it off with clear water; and if the colors seem dimmed, add enough alum to the last water to make it quiet sour, and this will restore their brightness.

GET RICH.

When Hops are $1.25 per lb. as now, an acre will yield $1,000 profit, and yet the best family medicine on earth, Hop Bitters contain the same quantity of Hops and are sold at the same price fixed years ago, although Hops now are twenty times higher than then. Raise Hops, get rich in pocket; use Hop Bitters, and get rich in health.

DR. RUSH'S

SPECIFIC

—FOR—

CONSUMPTION!

A POSITIVE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION IN ALL STAGES.

For Bleeding at Lungs, Colds, Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, and all affections of the Lungs it has no equal.

Dr. Rush's Specific for Consumption

Is recommended by all the leading physicians who are acquainted with its use.

Price, Large Size,.....$1.00
" Small " 50

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Dr. Willoughby, the attending physician at the Sisters' Hospital and one of Buffalo's most prominent members of the profession, has used it for years, and says:

BUFFALO, Aug. 17, 1882.

Dr. Rush's Medical Association:

DEAR DOCTORS—I unhesitatingly add my name to the long list of regular practitioners who have recommended your "Specific for Consumption."—I have used it for many years in my practice for all pulmonary affections, and have always been more than satisfied with the results. I consider it the best compound known for all lung diseases.

Yours, M. WILLOUGHBY, M. D.

Dr. Howard, Professor of Anatomy, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Buffalo, N. Y., says:

Dr. Rush's Medical Association:

DEAR DOCTORS—I have used your Specific for Consumption in my practice for years with the best results. I consider it a sure cure for consumption, if taken according to directions.

Yours truly, C. F. HOWARD, M. D.

DR. RUSH'S

"REGULATOR"

—FOR—

Heart Troubles.

A SURE CURE FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE HEART.

DR. RUSH'S "REGULATOR

Has never failed to give relief. It has been used successfully for years in subduing the most stubborn cases of heart difficulties.

Large Size.....$1.00
Small " ..... .50

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Wm. G. Osgoodby, the well-known safe manufacturer of Buffalo, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Newark, and Atlanta, Ga., says:

OFFICE OF OSGOODBY'S IMPROVED SAFES, 17 S. Broad Street, ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 17th, 1881.

Dr. Rush's Medical Association:

DEAR DOCTORS—The three Bottles of "Dr. Rush's Regulator" I ordered were received by express last week. I have taken nearly one bottle and am thoroughly satisfied with the result. For over two years I have been troubled with sharp pain at my heart. My physician, upon examination, pronounced it enlargement of the heart, and was unable to give me any relief. The trouble grew worse, until I had become convinced that I could not be cured. While in New York city last week I called on one of the most prominent physicians there, who charged me $25 for an examination and then recommended your "Regulator." Knowing you to be a regular Medical Association, and *not a patent medicine scheme*, I ordered the three bottles. I have now been troubled since I commenced taking it, but shall continue and take the entire three bottles so as to obtain a permanent cure. You have my sincere thanks. I am, gentlemen,

Very respectfully, WM. G. OSGOODBY.

Dr. Rush's

Blood Root Pills

Gives immediate relief in all cases of

RHEUMATISM!

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns, and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

Dr. Rush's Blood Root Oil

has no equal in the world as a liniment or oil. It is a *cheap, safe, simple and sure* external remedy for man or beast. It is put up in two sizes. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Cured of Rheumatism in Two Hours:

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 2, 1882.

Dr. Rush' Medical Association:

GENTLEMEN—I have been troubled with rheumatism for two years. I tried all the best advertised oils and liniments, and many first-class physicians without relief. The last doctor I visited recommended Dr. Rush's "Blood Root Oil." I purchased a large bottle for fifty cents, and applied it. In two hours I was relieved, and now am entirely well. Its effects are wonderful, and I believe it the only thing in the world which will cure rheumatism.

Yours truly, JOHN HUTCHINSON, 89 Erie St., Buffalo, N. Y.

MRS. DR. RUSH'S

CATHARTIC AND ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

PREVENT AND CURE Constipation and Piles. A sure remedy for Billiousness, Torpidity of the Liver, Jaundice and all Liver Complaints. It gives immediate relief in Sick and Nervous Headache. They cleanse the stomach and thus remove all bad taste from the mouth and make the breath pure and sweet. Remove all Impurities and Sallowness from the complexion. Pleasant to take and agreeable in their action. Entirely unlike other Pills. Purely vegetable. Price, 25 cents.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

The above preparations are prepared by Dr. Rush's Medical Association, in which Dr. Rush is associated with the most prominent specialists of both Europe and America. Special treatment can be obtained for any disease. These medicines are the regular prescriptions for the diseases mentioned, and NEVER FAIL to give relief. They can be obtained in Philadelphia, Pa., at wholesale from JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & Co., and any druggist will gladly obtain them for you upon application, or they can be obtained from us direct. Address,

DR. RUSH'S

MEDICAL ASSOCIATION,

BUFFALO, N.Y., U. S. A.

Benson's

—AWARDED—

Capcine

&

Porous

—MEDALS.—

Plaster.

The Best Known Remedy for

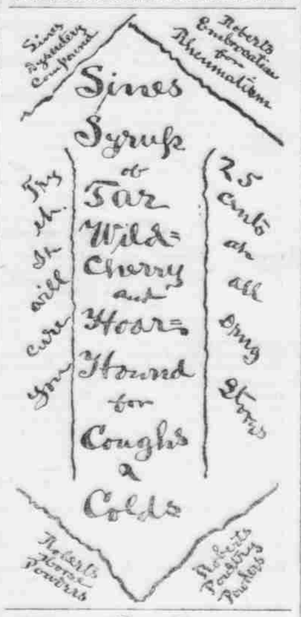
Backache or Lame Back.
Rheumatism or Lame Joints.
Cramps or Sprains.
Neuralgia or Kidney Diseases.
Lumbago, Severe Aches or Pains
Female Weakness.

Are Superior to all other Plasters.
Are Superior to Pads.
Are Superior to Liniments.
Are Superior to Ointments or Salves.
Are superior to Electricity or galvanism
They Act Immediately.
They Strengthen.
They Soothe.
They Relieve Pain at Once.
They Positively Cure.

CAUTION Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters have been imitated. Do not allow your druggist to palm off some other plaster having a similar sounding name. See that the word is spelled C-A-P-C-I-N-E. Price 25 cts.

SEABURY & JOHNSON, Manufacturing Chemists, New York.

A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 25c. MEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER.



THE MILLER CUTLERY Co. BROS MERIDEN CONN. U.S.A.

Having attained a national reputation in

FINE POCKET CUTLERY,

Ladies' Scissors and Ink Erasers,

Have added the manufacture of all styles of

STEEL PENS.

With a skilled superintendent in that department, supplemented by extended experience in the working of fine steel, we are enabled to offer goods of unrivalled quality. To introduce our

PATENT ADJUSTABLE

Quill Action, Reservoir Pen,

"THE ACME,"

In advance of regular trade channels, we show cut of it, and will mail a sample gross to any address on receipt of $2.

Carries as much Ink as any Fountain Pen.

THIS PEN FITS ANY HOLDER.

Our whole line of Pens will be sold by the trade. Price Lists furnished to dealers on application.

Wanted

AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!

For GEN. DODGE'S brand new book, entitled

Thirty-Three Years Among

OUR WILD INDIANS!

A true record of the author's *Thirty-Three Years' Personal Experience among our Indians.* With an able Introduction

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CLIPPINGS FOR THE CURIOUS.

The wealthiest man in Mexico is Patricio, an Irishman, whose estate is valued at $10,000,000.

There was a shower of pebbles that lasted fifteen minutes at Watseka, Ill., a few days ago.

Continuous baths, as carried out in Vienna, are reported unofficially by M. Lenoir as very efficacious in the treatment of skin diseases, and he warmly recommends their introduction into the hospitals of Paris.

Isabeau, of Bavaria, queen of Charles V., sent a collection of dolls, dressed in the latest French styles, to the queen of England, thus introducing the latest French fashions in a way which has been imitated of late years as a novelty.

A curious spring in St. Tammany parish, La., runs clear, cold water all day long, but at sunset goes suddenly dry, discharging no water until the sun rises again.

A Montana paper has discovered a gorge in the Yellowstone where, it asserts, the atmosphere is a non-conductor of sound No matter how loud one shouts, he can't be heard.

In 1770, or thereabouts, the tomato was almost unknown in Paris. To the southern French, who invaded France at the time of the Revolution, its acclimatizing is due. It was a costly luxury at first, but at the end of 1803 it was sold at Les Halles by the half dozen.

In Russia on March 9, the day on which the larks are supposed to arrive, the rustics make clay images of the bird smear them with honey, tip their wings with tinsal, and then carry them about singing songs to spring, or to Lada, their vernal goddess.

A painful and mischievous custom prevailed on May eve, in the South of Ireland, so late as the year 1825. It was a common practice of school boys on that day to consider themselves permitted to run wildly about with a bunch of nettles, striking at the face and hands of their companions, or any person whom they felt that they could assault with impunity.

The tunnel cut in the main range of the rocky mountains, 150 miles southwest of Denver, Col., is the highest either in America or Europe, and its approaches is described as marvels of Engineering skill, laid through scenes unrivalled for grandeur and magnificence. It is 1,706 feet in length and 11,500 feet above the level of the sea. So nicely was the engineering done, that when the workmen met, the variation in the bores was only about one inch. It was the work of the Denver and South Park division of the Union Pacific railroad.

In farming districts of Denmark, where smoking is almost universal, and pipes with huge china bowls are as common as mile stones are scarce on country cross roads, distance is more frequently measured by "pipes" than by miles. The easy-going, set ways of the people make this expedient practicable. Great is the amazement of the traveller, however, at being told, in answer to his inquiry about the distance to the next town, that it is so many "pipes of tobacco." Experience will teach him that at the steady gait and puff of the native about two English miles, or bait a Danish mile make a "pipe."

The blue jay is the boldest and most mischievous of wild birds. Near Knoxville, Tenn., recently, one was seen to fly a number of times to a high picket fence to attract a pair of kittens that were playing on the lawn. The kittens finally mounted the fence and began a cautious approach from picket to picket. The jay let the first get within eighteen inches, then hopped over between the two. The second kitten approached and the bird hopped over it. It turned, and then the jay hopped back and between. The first kitten approached and the jay hopped back over it, and so kept it up until one kitten got disgusted and left, and the other soon followed. Once or twice afterwards the jay tried to inveigle the kittens to another frolic, but without success.

THE HOSPITABLE POLES.—The Poles are extraordinarily hospitable. They entertain without grudge. At every table in the large houses some extra places are laid ready for unexpected guests—as they say, "for the traveler that comes over the sea." It is possible in Poland to go uninvited to visit your friend, taking your children, servants and horses, and stay five or six weeks without getting any hint to go. The Poles are fond of gayety, amusement and society. They love pleasure in all its bright and charming forms. The country houses are always full of visitors, and in winter there is often the "Kulig" a gathering which increases as is goes from house to house. It is taken from an old peasant custom, and the nobles, when they get up a "Kulig" wear the peasant customs, very beautifully made. They go over the snow in sledges from house to house, dancing for two or three days at one and then going on to another, taking the people of the house which they leave with them. At last, there are perhaps twenty sledges, all full of people, dressed in bright colors, and singing the song of the Kulig. At every house they dance the characteristic dance of the occasion—the Krakomiak, the Mazure and the Oberek. The latter is a very pretty and peculiar dance, in which the partners continually turn away from each other and then come face to face: the Mazur is something like the quadrille, though it is by no means the same; the Oberek resembles a waltz danced the reverse way and with a very pretty and characteristic figure in which the man kneels and kisses his partner's hand. These are all most charming and pretty and the Poles dance with enthusiasm as well as grace. They have many nacional customs and ceremonies which are occasions for dancing and pleasure. Then, in the autumn and winter there is bear hunting. In this way, with these varied amusements, the time passes in the country houses, and visitors will stay six weeks, or perhaps six months.—*Temple Bar.*

A DROVE OF OPPOSSUMS.—E. T. M'Cord, of Charlotte, N. C., has for years made a business of collecting oppossums, which he sells during the Chrismas holidays. He started on Thanksgiving day for the mountains to collect a drove of 'possums. He arrived at Davidson college about the middle of December with 133 'possums, which he drove along the road as though they were so many hogs. He camped at Davidson College, securing his drove by means of poles, having ten 'possums to a pole. He keeps three dogs barking all night, and these keep the 'possums so frightened that they keep a firm grip to the poles until the sun is up. This is the first time he has ever tried the experiment of driving 'possums like cattle, and during the whole journey he has lost only two, one of which escaped by falling through a bridge. They followed their leader, which was led by a string.

ORIGIN OF A FAMILIAR PHRASE.—The oft-quoted saying, "that those who live in glass houses should not throw stones," originated at the Union of the Crowns, when London was, for the first time, inundated with Scotchmen. Jealous of their invasion, the Duke of Buckingham organized a movement against them, and parties were formed for the purpose of breaking their windows with stones. By way of retaliation, a number of Scotchmen smashed the windows of the Duke's mansion, known as the "Glass House" in Martin's Field's, and on complaining to the King his Majesty replied: "Steenie, Steenie, those who live in glass houses should be careful how they fling stones."—*Memoir of Alexander Seaton.*

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